Interim separate financial statements

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024



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Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE BANK

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a commercial joint stock bank incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

The Bank was incorporated under Banking Operation License No. 0026/NH-GP on 22 August 1992, issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("SBV"), Establishment License No. 463/GP-UB issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on 1 September 1992, and Business Registration Certificate No. 0300873215 issued on 1 September 1992, amended 45th time on 3 August 2023 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The valid of operation period of the Bank is 99 years.

The Bank's principal activities include providing banking services such as mobilizing short, medium, and long-term funds in the form of term deposits, demand deposits, certificates of deposit; receiving entrusted investment and development funds, borrowings from other financial institutions; granting short, medium and long-term loans; discounting of commercial notes, bonds and valuable papers; contributing capital and investing in joint-ventures, providing settlement services to customers, trading foreign currencies, gold, international payment, mobilizing overseas funds and other banking services to overseas counterparties as allowed by the SBV; conducting debt factoring activities; supplying cash management services, banking and financial consultancy; preserving assets, leasing cabinets and safes; buying and selling Government bonds and corporate bonds; giving and receiving entrustment loans; insurance agency; credit granting under bank guarantee; debt purchasing activities; trading and providing foreign exchange services on domestic and international market within the scope as prescribed by the SBV; trading gold; leasing a part of unused office owned by the Bank.

The Bank's Head Office is located at 201 - 203 Cach Mang Thang Tam Street, Ward 4, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City. As at 30 June 2024, the Bank had one (1) representative office, one (1) Business Center, one hundred and thirty-nine (139) branches and transaction offices located in cities and provinces throughout Vietnam.

THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The members of the Board of Directors of the Bank during the period and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Tran Ngo Phuc Vu Mr. Tran Ngoc Tam Ms. Vo Thi Tuyet Nga Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Mr. Nguyen Duc Minh Tri Ms. Nguyen Thi Thanh Dao Ms. Le Thi Kim Anh	Chairman Standing Vice Chairman (from 29 March 2024) Vice Chairman Member (from 29 March 2024) Member Member Independent Member

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISION

The members of the Board of Supervision of the Bank during the period and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Nguyen Vinh Loi	Chief Supervisor
Ms. Nguyen Thuy Van	Member
Ms. Do Thi Hong Tram	Member

GENERAL INFORMATION (continued)

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT AND CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

The members of the Board of Management and Chief Accountant of the Bank during the period and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Position
Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Mr. Tran Ngoc Tam Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Ms. Ho Nguyen Thuy Vy Mr. Vo Hoang Hai Mr. Hoang Viet Cuong Mr. Nguyen Vinh Tuyen Mr. Ha Huy Cuong Mr. Le Anh Tu Mr. Nguyen Hai Dang Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan	Acting Chief Executive Officer (from 30 March 2024) Chief Executive Officer (until 29 March 2024) Standing Deputy Chief Executive Officer (until 29 March 2024) Deputy Chief Executive Officer (from 1 July 2024) Director of Finance Division and Chief Accountant

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Bank during the period and at the date of this report is Mr. Tran Ngo Phuc Vu, Chairman.

Mr. Tran Khai Hoan - Acting Chief Executives Officer was authorized by Mr. Tran Ngo Phuc Vu - Chairman of the Board of Directors to sign the accompanying interim separate financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 in accordance with the Power of Attorney No. 567A/2024/UQQT-NHNA dated 9 April 2024.

AUDITOR

The auditor of the Bank is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Board of Management of Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is pleased to present this report and the interim separate financial statements of the Bank for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024.

THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Board of Management of the Bank is responsible for the interim separate financial statements of each financial period, which provide a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Bank, and the interim separate income statement and interim separate cash flows for the period. In preparing these interim separate financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable account standards have been followed by the Bank, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim separate financial statements; and
- prepare the interim separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Bank will continue its business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept, which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim separate financial position of the Bank and for ensuring that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Bank and, hence, for taking reasonable steps to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Board of Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim separate financial statements.

STATEMENT BY THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

The Board of Management of the Bank hereby states that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim separate financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2024, the interim separate income statement and their interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended, which are in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements.

The Bank has also prepared the interim consolidated financial statements of the Bank and its subsidiary for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024. Users of the interim separate financial statements should read them together with the interim consolidated financial statements to obtain complete information on the interim consolidated financial position, interim consolidated income statement, and interim consolidated cash flows of the Bank and its subsidiary.

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Wir. Tran Khai Hoan
Acting Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024

C.Y.C.P *



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Reference: 11542015/68418664-SX-R

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders of

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank

We have reviewed the accompanying interim separate financial statements of Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank"), as prepared on 5 August 2024, and set out on pages 6 to 76, which comprise the interim separate statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the interim separate income statement, the interim separate cash flows statement for the six-month period then ended, and the accompanying notes.

The Board of Management's responsibility

The Board of Management of the Bank is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the interim separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements, and for such internal control that the Board of Management deemed necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim separate financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information involves making inquiries, primarily to persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. The scope of a review is substantially less than that of an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing, consequently, a review does not provide us with the assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. As a result, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim separate financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim separate financial position of the Bank as at 30 June 2024, and of the interim separate income statement, and interim separate cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of interim separate financial statements.

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vu Tien Dung

Deputy General Director Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 3221-2020-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION as at 30 June 2024

B02a/TCTD

	Notes	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
ASSETS			
Cash and gold	4	1,257,771	1,132,969
Balances with the State Bank of Vietnam ("the SBV")	5	11,234,666	16,268,047
Due from and loans to other credit institutio Due from other credit institutions Loans to other credit institutions	n: 6.1 6.2	31,262,798 30,072,913 1,189,885	22,591,302 20,801,417 1,789,885
Derivatives and other financial assets	7	63,665	39,455
Loans to customers Loans to customers Provision for loans to customers	8 9.1	154,676,185 156,571,269 (1,895,084)	139,894,641 141,438,441 (1,543,800)
Investment securities Available-for-sale securities Held-to-maturity securities Provision for investment securities	10.1 10.2 10.5	23,674,961 13,128,148 10,565,658 (18,845)	24,068,777 13,110,808 10,976,814 (18,845)
Long-term investments Investments in subsidiary Other long-term investments	11.1 11.2	726,115 500,000 226,115	574,800 500,000 74,800
Fixed assets		1,540,732	1,586,393
Tangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation	12.1	870,232 1,574,847 (704,615)	9 <i>01,069</i> 1,553,198 (652,129)
Financial lease fixed assets Cost Accumulated depreciation	12.2	<i>90,468</i> 156,859 (66,391)	<i>103,732</i> 158,092 (54,360)
Intangible fixed assets Cost Accumulated amortization	12.3	<i>580,032</i> 749,072 (169,040)	<i>581,592</i> 744,439 (162,847)
Other assets Receivables Interest and fee receivables Other assets Provision for other assets	13.1 13.2 13.3 13.4	4,945,224 1,249,270 3,104,419 624,284 (32,749)	3,889,971 1,165,744 2,076,285 680,965 (33,023) 210,046,355
TOTAL ASSETS	-	229,382,117	210,040,355

INTERIM SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued) as at 30 June 2024

B02a/TCTD

	Notes	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
LIABILITIES			
Borrowings from the Government and the SBV Borrowings from the Government and the SBV		2,977,253 2,977,253	345 345
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to other credit institutions Borrowings from other credit institutions	15.1 15.2	31,582,924 30,365,955 1,216,969	24,021,362 22,816,967 1,204,395
Due to customers	16	153,690,004	145,611,035
Grants, entrusted funds, and loans exposed to risks	17	1,070,097	1,066,465
Valuable papers issued	18	19,583,640	18,458,868
Other liabilities Interest and fee payables Other liabilities	19.1 19.2	3,568,328 2,778,038 790,290	5,674,998 4,283,213 1,391,785
TOTAL LIABILITIES		212,472,246	194,833,073
OWNERS' EQUITY			
Capital Charter capital Fund for capital expenditure Share premium Other		10,580,866 10,580,416 10 415 25	10,580,866 10,580,416 10 415 25
Reserves		1,424,464	1,419,221
Exchange rate revaluation		(8,569)	-
Retained earnings		4,913,110	3,213,195
TOTAL OWNERS' EQUITY	21	16,909,871	15,213,282
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND OWNERS' EQUITY	,	229,382,117	210,046,355



B02a/TCTD

OFF- SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS

	Notes	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Foreign exchange commitments - Commitments on currency swap	32	30,955,818	14,694,595
transaction		30,289,037	12,105,195
- Spot foreign exchange commitments - buy		358,851	2,420,000
- Spot foreign exchange commitments - sell		307,930	169,400
Letters of credit	32	1,242,733	6,114,363
Other guarantees	32	8,171,372	9,847,973
Interest and fee receivable not yet collected	33	2,292,865	2,019,149
Written-off debts	34	2,836,488	2,674,247
Assets and other documents	35	13,107,927	11,433,276
		58,607,203	46,783,603

Mr. Le Dinh Tu

Head of

Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant

Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Acting Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024

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INTERIM SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024

		For the six-month period ended	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023
	Notes	30 June 2024 VND million	VND million
Interest and similar income Interest and similar expense	22 23	8,611,309 (4,706,788 <u>)</u>	9,503,723 (6,426,164)
Net interest and similar income Fee and commission income Fee and commission expense		3,904,521 578,677 (276,481)	3,077,559 697,254 (325,571)
Net fee and commission income	24	302,196	371,683
Net (loss)/gain from trading foreign currencies	25	(26,478)	44,013
Net gain from investment securities	26	70,142	6,172
Other operating income Other operating expense		20,389 (5,205)	5,958 (5,567)
Net gain from other operating activities	27	15,184	391
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		4,265,565	3,499,818
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE	28	(1,703,917)	(1,529,286)
Net profit before provision for credit losses Provision expense for credit losses	9	2,561,648 (351,010)	1,970,532 (450,672)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX Current corporate income tax expense	20.1	2,210,638 (445,480)	1,519,860 (307,316)
Total corporate income tax expense		(445,480)	(307,316)
PROFIT AFTER TAX		1,765,158	1,212,544

Mr. Le Dinh Tu Head of

Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant

Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Acting Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOWS STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024

B04a/TCTD

	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Interest and similar income receipts Interest and similar expense payments Net fee and commission receipts Net receipts from trading of securities, gold, and		7,562,016 (6,209,184) 322,345	9,046,759 (5,173,930) 321,667
foreign currencies Loss from other activities Recovery of loans previously written-off Payments for employees and other operating	27	45,311 (4,784) 18,801	11,230 (4,661) 4,337
expense Corporate income tax paid for the period	20	(1,808,259) (469,066)	(1,855,408) (240,980)
Net cash flows (used in)/from operating activities before changes in operating assets			
and liabilities		(542,820)	2,109,014
Changes in operating assets Decrease/(increase) in due from and loans to other credit institutions Decrease in investment securities (Increase)/decrease in derivatives and other financial assets Increase in loans to customers Utilization of provision to write-off loans to customers, securities, and long-term investments Decrease/(increase) in other assets		600,000 393,816 (24,210) (15,132,828)	(2,104,739) 1,536,332 104,949 (9,603,039) (214,682) (130,800)
Changes in operating liabilities Increase/(decrease) in borrowings from the Government and the SBV Increase/(decrease) in due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Increase in due to customers Increase in valuable papers issued Increase in grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks Increase in derivatives and other financial liabilities Decrease in other liabilities		2,976,908 7,572,221 8,078,969 1,124,772 3,632 (460,636)	(109) (183,269) 20,469,884 242,190 230,595 45,674 (361,019)
Net cash from operating activities		4,983,438	12,140,981
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases of fixed assets Proceeds for disposals of fixed assets Payments for investments in other entities	27	(461,735) 1,167 (151,315)	(213,277) 715 (400,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(611,883)	(612,562)

INTERIM SEPARATE CASH FLOWS STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2024

B04a/TCTD

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	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Dividends distributed to shareholders		(69)	(130)
Net cash used in financing activities		(69)	(130)
Net change of cash for the period		4,371,486	11,528,289
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	29	38,202,433	26,258,453
Adjusting for the effect of exchange rate changes		(8,569)	(43,612)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	29	42,565,350	37,743,130

Mr. Le Dinh Tu

Head of

Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division

cum Chief Accountant

Mr. Tran Khai Hoan

Acting Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

B05a/TCTD

1. THE BANK

Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank ("the Bank") is a joint stock commercial bank incorporated in the Socialist Republic of Vietnam.

Establishment and Operations

The Bank was incorporated under Banking Operation License No. 0026/NH-GP on 22 August 1992 issued by the State Bank of Vietnam ("SBV"), Establishment License No. 463/GP-UB issued by the People's Committee of Ho Chi Minh City on 1 September 1992, and Business Registration Certificate No. 0300873215 on 1 September 1992, amended 45th time on 3 August 2023 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The valid of operation period of the Bank is 99 years.

The Bank's principal activities include providing banking services such as mobilizing short, medium and long-term funds in the form of term deposits, demand deposits, certificates of deposit; receiving entrusted investment and development funds, borrowings from other financial institutions; granting short, medium and long-term loans; discounting of commercial notes, bonds and valuable papers; contributing capital and investing in joint-ventures, providing settlement services to customers, trading foreign currencies, gold, international payment, mobilizing overseas funds and other banking services to overseas counterparties as allowed by the SBV; conducting debt factoring activities; supplying cash management services, banking and financial consultancy; preserving assets, leasing cabinets and safes; buying and selling Government bonds and corporate bonds; giving and receiving entrustment loans; insurance agency; credit granting under bank guarantee; debt purchasing activities; trading and providing foreign exchange services on domestic and international market within the scope as prescribed by the SBV; trading gold; leasing a part of unused office owned by the Bank.

Charter capital

The charter capital of the Bank as at 30 June 2024 is VND10,580,416,150,000 (as at 31 December 2023: VND10,580,416,150,000).

Operation network

The bank's Head Office is located at 201 – 203 Cach Mang Thang Tam Street, Ward 4, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City. As at 30 June 2024, the Bank has one (1) representative office, one (1) Business Center, and one hundred and thirty-nine (139) branches and transaction offices located in cities and provinces throughout Vietnam.

Subsidiary

As at 30 June 2024, the Bank has one (1) subsidiary:

Subsidiary	Operating License No,	Nature of business	Ownership of the Bank
Nam A Bank Asset Management Company Limited	0304691951 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City, amended for nineteenth (19) time on 16 January 2023	Debt management and asset mining	100%

Employees

The Bank's total number of employees as at 30 June 2024 was 5,033 persons (as at 31 December 2023: 5,311 persons).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

B05a/TCTD

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2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

The Board of Management of the Bank confirms that the accompanying interim separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and other relevant statutory requirements pertaining to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements.

2.2 Purpose of preparing the interim separate financial statements

The Bank has a subsidiary as disclosed in *Note 1* and *Note 11.1*. The Bank has prepared separate financial statements to comply with the prevailing requirements realted to information disclosure, specifically Circular 27/2021/TT-NHNN issued by SBV on 31 December 2021, Circular 49/2014/TT-NHNN issued by SBV on 31 December 2014, Decision 16/2007/QD-NHNN issued by SBV on 18 April 2007, and Circular 96/2020/TT-BTC on the disclosure of information in the securities market. Additionally, as per by these regulations, the Bank has also prepared consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ending on 30 June 2024.

Users of the interim separate financial statements should read them together with the interim consolidated financial statements to obtain full information on the interim consolidated financial position, interim consolidated income statement, and interim consolidated cash flows of the Bank.

2.3 Accounting standards and system

The interim separate financial statements of the Bank have been prepared in accordance with the Accounting System applicable to Credit Institutions, as required under Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN issued on 29 April 2004, Circular 10/2014/TT-NHNN dated 20 March 2014 and Circular 22/2017/TT-NHNN dated 29 December 2017,which amend and supplement Decision No. 479/2004/QD-NHNN; Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007, Circular 27/2021/TT-NHNN issued by State Bank of Vietnam on 31 December 2021, Circular 49/2014/TT-NHNN, which amends and supplements several articles of Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN, Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 — Interim Financial Reporting and other Vietnamese Accounting Standard issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Standards on Accounting (series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying interim separate financial statements and their utilization are not designed for individuals who are not familiar with Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim separate financial position, interim separate income statement, and interim separate cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

B05a/TCTD

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

2.3 Accounting standards and system (continued)

Any items or balances required by Decision No. 16/2007/QD-NHNN dated 18 April 2007, Circular 49/2014/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2014 and Circular 27/2021/TT-NHNN dated 31 December 2021, which stipulate the reporting mechanism for interim separate financial statements of credit institutions that are not shown in these interim separate financial statements indicate nil balance.

2.4 Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Bank starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

The interim period of the Bank starts on 1 January and ends on 30 June.

2.5 Accounting currency

The interim separate financial statements are prepared in Vietnam dong ("VND"). For the presentation of the interim separate financial statements as at 30 June 2024, the data is rounded to millions and expressed in millions of Vietnam dong ("VND million"). This presentation does not affect the view of users of the interim separate financial statements regarding the interim separate financial position, interim separate income statement, and interim separate cash flows.

2.6 Assumptions and uses of estimates

The preparation of the interim separate financial statements requires the Board of Management of the Bank to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities. These estimates and assumptions also impact the income, expenses, and the resultant provisions. Such estimates are necessarily based on assumptions involving varying degrees of subjectivity and uncertainty and actual results may differ, leading to future changes in such provision.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The accounting policies adopted by the Bank in the preparation of the interim separate financial statements are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the Bank's financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023 and the interim separate financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2023, except for the following change in accounting policy:

Circular 06/2024/TT-NHNN ("Circular 06"), dated 18 June 2024, amends some articles of Circular 02/2023/TT-NHNN, which was issued by SBV on 23 April 2023 to provide instructions for credit institutions and foreign branch banks on loan restructuring and the retention of loan classification to support borrowers facing financial difficulties.

This Circular takes effect from 18 June 2024.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

B05a/TCTD

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and gold, current accounts at the SBV, amounts due from other credit institutions on demand or with an original maturity of less than three months from the transaction date, and investment securities with a maturity of less than three months from the purchase date, which are readily convertible into cash and do not bear the liquidity risk at the reporting date.

3.3 Due from and loans to other credit institutions

Due from and loans to other credit institutions are presented at the principal amounts outstanding at the end of the accounting period.

The credit risk classification of due from and credit granting to other credit institutions, as well as provision for credit risks, is provided in accordance with Circular 11.

Accordingly, the Bank makes specific provisions for due from (except for current accounts) and loans to other credit institutions, following the method described in *Note 3.5*.

According to Circular 11, the Bank is not required to make a general provision for due from and loans to other credit institutions.

3.4 Loans to customers

Loans to customers are disclosed and presented at the principal amounts outstanding at the end of the period.

The provision for credit losses of loans to customers is presented separately as 1 (one) line in the interim separate statement of financial position.

Short-term loans have a maximum term of 1 (one) year from the disbursement date. Mediumterm loans have a term ranging from above 1 (one) year to a maximum of 5 (five) years. Long-term loans are loans with a term of over 5 years from the disbursement date.

Loan classification and provision for credit losses are made according to Circular 11 as described in *Note 3.5*.

3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets

3.5.1 Debt classification and provision for credit losses

The classification of due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bond, and loans to customers and entrustments for credit granting, as well as other credit risk bearing assets (collectively referred to as "debts"), is recognized based on the quantitative method prescribed in Article 10 of Circular 11. Accordingly, debts are classified into the following levels of risk: Current, Special mention, Substandard, Doubtful and Loss, based on their overdue status. Debts classified as Substandard, Doubtful and Loss are considered bad debt.

A general provision as at 30 June 2024 is made at 0.75% of the total outstanding loans as at 30 June 2024 excluding due from and loans to other credit institutions and loans classified as loss.



NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

- 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (continued)
- 3.5.1 Debt classification and provision for credit losses (continued)

Specific provision as at 30 June 2024 is calculated using the principal balance minus the discounted value of collaterals multiplied by provision rates determined based on the debt classification results as at 30 June 2024. The basis for determining the value and discounted value for each type of collateral is specified in Circular 11.

The debt classification and specific provision rates for each loan group are as follows:

Lo	oan group	Description	Specific provision rate
1	Current	 (a) Current debts are assessed as fully and timely recoverable for both principals and interests; or (b) Debts are overdue for a period of less than 10 days and assessed as fully recoverable for both overdue principals and interests, and fully and timely recoverable for both remaining principals and interests. 	0%
2	Special Mention	(a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 10 days and 90 days; or(b) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time.	5%
3	Sub- standard	 (a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 91 days and 180 days; or (b) Debts which the repayment terms are extended for the first time; or (c) Debts which interests are exempted or reduced because customers do not have sufficient capability to repay all interests under credit contracts; or (d) Debts under one of the following cases which have not been recovered in less than 30 days from the date of the recovery decision: Debts made incompliance with Clause 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 under Article 126 of Law on Credit Institutions; or Debts made incompliance with Clause 1, 2, 3, 4 under Article 127 of Law on Credit Institutions; or Debts made incompliance with Clauses 1, 2 and 5 under Article 128 of Law on Credit Institutions, (e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions; or (f) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered in 30 days from the issuance date of the decision; or (g) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information. 	20%

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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- 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (continued)
- 3.5.1 Debt classification and provision for credit losses (continued)

			Specific provision rate
Lo	oan group	Description	
4	Doubtful	(a) Debts are overdue for a period of between 181 days and 360 days; or	50%
1		(b) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of less than 90 days under that restructured repayment term; or	
		(c) Debts which the repayment terms are restructured for the second time; or	
		(d) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of between 30 days and 60 days after decisions of recovery have been issued; or	
		(e) Debts are required to be recovered according to regulatory inspection conclusions but still outstanding with an overdue period up to 60 days since the recovery date as required by regulatory inspection conclusions; or	
		(f) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered for a period between 30 days to 60 days from the issuance date of the decision; or	
		(g) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information.	
5	Loss	(a) Debts are overdue for a period of more than 360 days; or	100%
		(b) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the first time but still overdue for a period of 91 days or more under that first restructured repayment term; or	
		(c) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the second time but still overdue under that second restructured repayment term; or	
		(d) Debts of which the repayment terms are restructured for the third time or more, regardless of being overdue or not; or	
		 (e) Debts are specified in point (d) of Loan group 3 and overdue for a period of more than 60 days after decisions on recovery have been issued; or 	
		(f) Debts are required to be recovered under regulatory inspection conclusions but still outstanding with an overdue period of more than 60 days since the recovery date as required by regulatory inspection conclusions; or	
		(g) Debts are required to be recovered according to credit	
		institutions, foreign bank branches' decisions on early payment due to customers' breach of agreements but have not yet been recovered for a period of more than 60 days from the issuance date of the decision; or	
		 (h) Debts of credit institutions under special control as announced by the SBV, or debts of foreign bank branches which capital and assets are blocked; or 	
	<u>.</u>	(i) At the request of the SBV based on the inspection, supervision conclusions and relevant credit information.	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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- 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (continued)
- 3.5.1 Debt classification and provision for credit losses (continued)

If a customer has more than one debt with the Bank and any of the outstanding debts is classified into a higher risk group, the entire remaining debts of such customer should be classified into the corresponding higher risk group.

If a customer is classified into a debt group with lower risk than the debt group in CIC list, the Bank must adjust the debt classification results according to the CIC list.

When the Bank participate in a syndicated loan as a participant, they should classify loans (including syndicated loans) of the customer into the group of higher risk between the assessment of the leading bank and the Bank.

3.5.2 Loan restructuring and loan classification retention support borrowers facing financial difficulties

From 13 March 2020 to 30 June 2022, the Bank applied the policy of loan restructuring, interest and/or fees exemption or reduction and loan classification retention for loans that meet conditions according to Circular 01/2020/TT-NHNN dated 13 March 2020 ("Circular 01"), Circular 03/2021/TT-NHNN dated 2 April 2021 ("Circular 03"), and Circular 14/2021/TT-NHNN dated 7 September 2021 ("Circular 14") issued by the State Bank of Vietnam, which provide regulations on loan restructuring, interest and/or fees exemption or reduction and loan classification retention to assist customers affected by the COVID-19 pandemic.

From 24 April 2023, the Bank applied the policy of loan restructuring and loan classification retention to support customers who face difficulties in production and business activities, as well as facing difficulties in repaying loans to meet their daily life and consumption needs. This policy aligns with the conditions set forth in Circular 02/2023/TT-NHNN, which was issued by SBV on 23 April 2023 and Circular 06/2024/TT-NHNN, which was issued by SBV on 18 June 2024 amends some articles of Circular 02, which provides instructions to credit institutions and foreign branch banks on loan restructuring and the retention of loan classification to assist borrowers facing financial difficulties.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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- 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (continued)
- 3.5.2 Loan restructuring and loan classification retention support borrowers facing financial difficulties (continued)

Accordingly, the Bank applies loan classification for loans that fall under the policy of loan restructuring and loan classification retention as follows:

Disbursement date	Overdue status	Overdue date	Principle of loan classification retention
Before 1/8/2021	Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 30/3/2020 to 30/6/2022	Retain the latest loan classification as before 23 January 2020 or as before the first-time restructuring date
Before 23/1/2020	Overdue	From 23/1/2020 to 29/3/2020	Retain the latest loan classification as before 23 January 2020
From 23/1/2020 to 10/6/2020		From 23/1/2020 to 17/5/2021	Retain the latest loan classification as before overdue transferring date
From 10/6/2020 to 1/8/2021		From 17/7/2021 to 7/9/2021	
Before 24/4/2023	Current or overdue for a period of 10 days	From 24/4/2023 to 31/12/2024	Retain the latest loan classification as before the restructuring date

For loans whose repayment term was restructured, interest and/or fees were exempted or reduced, and loan classification was retained, if they become overdue under the restructured repayment term and are not eligible for further restructuring under current regulations, the Bank makes loan classification and provisions in accordance with Circular 11.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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- 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)
- 3.5 Debt classification and provision for credit losses applied to due from and loans to other credit institutions, direct and entrusted investments in unlisted corporate bonds, loans to customers, entrustments for credit granting and other credit risk bearing assets (continued)
- 3.5.3 Specific provision for customers with debts that have been restructured on term basis and are subject to loan classification retention

The Bank makes specific provisions for customers with debts that have been restructured on a term basis and are subject to loan classification retention according to the following formula: C = A - B

In which:

- C: Additional specific provision;
- A: Specific provision to be made for all outstanding loan balances of customers according to the results of loan classification under Circular 11 (*Note 3.5.1*);
- B: Total specific provision to be made for the outstanding balance of loans applying loan classification under the policy of loan classification retention (*Note 3.5.2*) and specific provision to be made for the remaining loan balances of the customers according to the results of loan classification under Circular 11 (*Note 3.5.1*).

The additional specific provision (referred to as C) is made by the Bank when preparing financial statements, ensuring the provisioning at as follows:

- For loans that fall under the policy of loan restructuring and loan classification retention as prescribed in Circular 01, Circular 03, and Circular 14
 - + By 31 December 2021: At least 30% of the additional specific provision must be made;
 - + By 31 December 2022: At least 60% of the additional specific provision must be made;
 - + By 31 December 2023: 100% of the additional specific provision must be made.
- ► For loans that fall under the policy of loan restructuring and loan classification retention as prescribed in Circular 02.
 - + By 31 December 2023: At least 50% of the additional specific provision must be made;
 - + By 31 December 2024: 100% of the additional specific provision must be made.

Write-off bad debts

Provisions are recognized as an expense in the separate income statement and are used to address bad debts. According to Circular 11, the Bank establishes a risk settlement committee to handle bad debts if they are classified in group 5, or if the borrower is an organization that is dissolved or bankrupt, or an individual who is deceased or missing.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.6 Available-for-sale securities

3.6.1 Classification and recognition

Available-for-sale securities include debt and equity securities that are acquired by the Bank for investment and available-for-sale purposes. These securities are not regularly traded but can be sold when there is a benefit. For equity securities, the Bank is also neither the founding shareholder nor the strategic partner, and it does not have the ability to exert significant influence in establishing and making the financial and operating policies of the investees through a written agreement on the assignment of personnel to the Board of Directors/Management.

Available-for-sale equity securities are initially recognized at cost on the purchase date and continuously presented at cost in subsequent periods.

Available-for-sale debt securities are recognized at par value on the purchase date. Accrued interest (for debt securities with interest payment in arrears) and deferred interest (for debt securities with interest payment in advance) are recognized in separate accounts. The discount/premium, which is the difference between the cost and the par value plus (+) accrued interest (if any) or minus (-) deferred interest (if any) is also recognized in a separate account.

In subsequent periods, these securities are continuously recorded at par value, and the discount/premium (if any) is amortized to the interim separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the remaining term of securities. Interest received in arrears is recorded as follows: Cumulative interest incurred before the purchasing date is recorded as a decrease in the accrued interest, while cumulative interest incurred after the purchasing date is recognized as income based on the accumulated method. Interest received in advance is amortized into the securities investment interest income on a straight-line basis over the term of securities investment.

3.6.2 Measurement

Periodically, available-for-sale securities will be considered for diminution in value.

The provision for diminution in value of available-for-sale securities is made when the book value of the securities is higher than their market value accordance with Circular 48/2019/TT-BTC (Circular 48) and Circular 24/2022/TT-BTC (Circular 24). The provision for diminution in value is recorded under "Net gain/(loss) from investment securities" in the interim separate income statement.

For corporate bonds that have not yet been listed on the securities market or have not been registered for trading on unlisted public companies, the Bank shall make provisions for those bonds in accordance with Circular 11 as presented in *Note 3.5.*

3.7 Held-to-maturity investment securities

Held-to-maturity investment securities are debt securities purchased by the Bank for the purpose of earning interest, and the Bank has the capability and intention to hold these investments until maturity. Held-to-maturity securities have a determined value and maturity date. In the event that the securities are sold before the maturity date, they will be reclassified as either securities held for trading or available-for-sale securities.

Held-to-maturity investment securities are recognized and measured similarly to available-for-sale securities, as described in *Note 3.6.*

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.8 Other long-term investments

3.8.1 Investments in subsidiary

Investments in subsidiary are carried at cost in the interim separate financial statements of the Bank. Dividends received from the profit after tax of subsidiary are recognized as income in the interim separate income statement.

Provisions for diminution in the value of investments in subsidiary are made for each impaired investment and are subject to revision at the date of the interim statement of financial position. Provision for investments in subsidiary is made when the investments are impaired due to losses incurred by the subsidiary. Increases or decreases in the provision balance are recognized as "Other operating expense".

3.8.2 Other long-term investments

Other long-term investments represent investments in entities in which the Bank holds less than or equal to 11% of voting rights. These investments are initially recorded at cost on the investment date.

Provision for diminution in the value of investment is made when there is substantial evidence indicating a decline in the value of these investments at the interim separate statement of financial position date.

For securities which are not listed but are registered for trading on the unlisted public company market (UPCoM), provision for diminution in value is made when their average referenced price within the last 30 trading days prior to the preparation of the interim separate financial statements, as announced by the Stock Exchange, is lower than the carrying value of the securities at the end of accounting period.

In other cases, provision for diminution in the value of long-term investment is made if the invested economic organizations experience losses. The provision for diminution is calculated according to the following formula:

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Level of provision for = investment

Actual rate of charter capital (%) of the Bank at an business organization at the time of making the provision Parties' actual investment capital at the business organization receiving capital contribution at the time of making the provision

Actual equity capital of business organization at the time of making the provision

Provision is reversed when the recoverable amount of the investment increases after the provision is made. The provision is reversed up to the gross value of the investment before the provision is made.

An increase or decrease in the provision for long-term investments is recognized in "Other operating expense" on the interim separate income statement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.9 Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or accumulated amortization.

The cost of a fixed asset includes any directly attributable costs of bringing the fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets, while other expenditures are charged to the interim separate income statement as incurred.

When fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim separate income statement.

3.10 Lease

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at the inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and whether the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are capitalized in the interim separate statement of financial position at the inception of the lease at the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, at the net present value of the minimum lease payments. The principal amount included in future lease payments under finance leases are recorded as a liability. The interest amounts included in lease payments are charged to the interim separate income statement over the lease term to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the finance lease liability.

Capitalized financial leased assets are depreciated using the straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated useful lives of the asset and the lease term, if there is no reasonable certainty that the lessee will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the interim separate income statement in "Operating expenses" on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Income from operating leases is recognized in "Income from service activities" in the interim separate statement of income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.11 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation and amortization of tangible fixed assets and intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets as follows:

Buildings and structures	5 – 30 years
Machinery and equipment	3 - 8 years
Vehicles	3 - 8 years
Office equipment	3 - 8 years
Other tangible fixed assets	3 – 10 years
Software	3 - 8 years
Land use right	30 – 50 years

Infinite land use rights granted by the Government are not amortized. Definite term land use rights are amortized over the term of use.

3.12 Other receivables

3.12.1 Receivables classified as credit risk assets

Receivables classified as credit-risk assets are recognized at cost. Doubtful receivables are classified and provided for allowance by the Bank in accordance with the regulations on recognition and use of provision as presented in *Note 3.5*.

3.12.2 Other receivables

Receivables other than receivables from credit activities in the Bank's operations are recognized at historical cost and subsequently recognized at cost during the holding periods.

Provision for receivables is determined based on the overdue status of debts or expected loss of current debts. This provision is made when the debts are not yet due for payment but the corporate debtors have fallen into bankruptcy or are in the process of dissolution, or when individual debtors are missing, having escaped, are being prosecuted, on trial, or deceased. The provision expense incurred is recorded into "Other operating expense" of the interim separate income statement during the period.

The provision for overdue debts is made in accordance with the guidance provided in Circular 48/2019/TT-BTC as amended by Circular 24/2022/TT-BTC as follows:

Overdue period	Provision rate
From six months up to one year	30%
From one year up to under two years	50%
From two years up to under three years	70%
From three years and above	100%

3.13 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term prepaids or long-term prepaids on the interim separate statement of financial position and are amortized over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

3.14 Borrowings from the Government and the SBV, due to and borrowings from other credit institutions, due to customers, valuable papers issued, and grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks

Borrowings from the Government and the SBV; due to and borrowings from other credit institutions; due to customers; valuable papers issued; and grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks are disclosed at the principal amounts outstanding at the date of the interim separate financial statements. At initial recognition, issuance costs are deducted from the cost of the valuable papers. These costs are allocated on a straight-line method during the lifetime of the valuable papers to "Interest and similar expense".

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.15 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Bank.

3.16 Loan classification for off-statement of financial position commitments

Off-statement of financial position commitments include guarantees, payment acceptances and loan commitments that are irrevocable, unconditional, and have a specific time of execution.

Classification for off-statement of financial position commitments is only used to monitor the credit quality. Accordingly, commitments and contingent liabilities are classified for management and credit quality monitoring purposes as described in *Note 3.5*.

According to Circular 11, the Bank is not required to make provisions for off-statement of financial position commitments.

3.17 Fiduciary assets

Assets in entrusted assets management of the Bank are not recognized as the Bank's assets, hence, will not be included in the interim separate financial statements.

3.18 Derivatives financial instruments

The Bank involves in currency forward contracts and currency swap contracts to facilitate customers in transferring, modifying, or minimizing foreign exchange risk or other market risks, as well as for the trading purpose.

Currency forward contracts

The currency forward contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates, calculated on the notional amount. The currency forward contracts are recognized at the nominal value on the transaction date and are revalued for the reporting purposes at the exchange rate on the reporting date. Realized or unrealized gains or losses are recognized in the "Exchange rate revaluation" in "Owners' equity" and will be transferred to the separate income statement at the end of the financial year. The premium or discount derived from the difference between the spot rate and the forward rate is recorded as assets if positive or a liability if negative in the interim separate statement of financial position at the contract date. The difference is amortized on a straight-line basis over the forward contract period and recognized in the interim separate income statement.

Currency swap contracts

The swap contracts are commitments to settle in cash on a pre-determined future date based on the difference between pre-determined exchange rates calculated on the notional principal amount. The premium or discount resulting from the difference between the spot rate at the effective date of the contract and the forward rate is recognized immediately at the effective date of the contract as an asset if positive or a liability if negative in the interim separate statement of financial position. The difference is amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the swap contract and recognized in the interim separate income statement.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.19 Capital

3.19.1 Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

3.19.2 Share premium

The Bank records the difference between the par value and issue price of shares if the issue price is higher than par value, and the difference between the price of repurchasing of treasury stocks and the re-issue price of treasury stocks to the share premium account. The expense related to issuing shares will be recorded as a deductible share premium.

3.19.3 Funds and reserves

The Bank has established the following reserves in accordance with the Law on Credit Institutions No. 47/2010/QH12, Decree No. 93/2017/ND-CP and the Bank's Charter as follows:

	% of profit after tax	Maximum rate
Capital supplementary reserve	5% of profit after tax	100% chartered capital
Financial reserve	10% of profit after tax	Not regulated

Other funds will be allocated from profit after tax. The allocation from profit after tax and the utilization of funds must be approved by the Annual General Meeting of Shareholder. These reserves are not regulated by statutory requirements and are allowed to be fully allocated.

3.20 Recognition of income and expenses

Interest income and interest expenses

Interest income and interest expenses are recognized in the interim separate income statement on an accrual basis. The recognition of accrued interest income arising from loans classified in Groups 2 to 5 in accordance with Circular 11 and loans with repayment term restructuring and loan classification retention according to regulations will not be recognized in the interim separate income statement. Suspended interest income is reversed, monitored off-statement of financial position and recognized in the interim separate income statement upon actual receipt.

Fees and commissions income

Fees and commissions are recognized when services are rendered.

Income from investment

Income from investments is recognized based on the difference between the selling price and average cost of the securities sold.

Cash dividends from investment are recognized in the interim separate income statement when the Bank's right to receive the payment is established. For stock dividends and bonus shares, the number of shares is updated, and no dividend income is recognized in the interim separate income statement.

Other income

Other income is recognized on cash basis.

According to Circular 16/2018/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on dated 07 February 2018, which provides guidance on financial regulations for credit institutions and branches of foreign banks, in the event that accounts receivable previously recorded as income, but are deemed uncollectible or are not received when due, the Bank shall recognize a reduction in revenue if it occurs within the same accounting period. If the reduction does not happen in the same accounting period, they shall recognize such receivables as expenses and remove them from the statement of financial position to facilitate collection. Once the accounts receivable is eventually collected, the Bank shall record them as income in the interim separate income statement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.21 Corporate income tax

Current corporate income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from (or paid to) the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are effective as at the interim separate statement of financial position date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognized directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also accounted in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Bank to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Bank intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

The tax returns of the Bank are subject to examination by the tax authorities. Due to the ambiguity associated with the applicability of tax laws and regulations, the amounts reported in the interim separate financial statements could be changed later upon final determination by the tax authorities.

3.22 Foreign currency transactions

In accordance with the accounting system of the Bank, all transactions are recorded in their original currencies. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are converted into VND using exchange rates that are in effect at the interim separate statement of financial position (Note 45). Income and expenses arising in foreign currencies are converted into VND at the rates that are in effect on the transaction dates. exchange rate revaluation resulting from the conversion of monetary assets and liabilities from foreign currency to VND during the period are recognized and tracked under "Exchange rate revaluation" within "Owners' Equity" in the interim separate statement of financial position. These differences will be transferred to the separate income statement at the end of the financial year.

3.23 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the interim separate statement of financial position if, and only if, the Bank has a currently enforceable legal right to offset financial assets against financial liabilities or vice-versa and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.24 Employee benefits

3.24.1 Post-employment benefits

Post-employment benefits are paid to retired employees of the Bank by the Social Insurance Agency, which belongs to the Ministry of Labour, Invalids and Social Affairs. The Bank is required to contribute to these post-employment benefits by paying social insurance premiums to the Social Insurance Agency at the rate of 17.5% of an employee's basic salary monthly, allowances and other additional payments. Besides, the Bank has no further obligations for post-employee benefits.

3.24.2 Voluntary resignation benefits

Under Article 46 of Labor Code No. 45/2019/QH14, effective from 1 January 2021, the Bank has the obligation to pay an allowance arising from the voluntary resignation of employees. This allowance is equal to one-half month's salary for each year of employment up to 31 December 2008, plus salary allowances (if any). From 1 January 2009, the average monthly salary used in this calculation is the average monthly salary of the latest six-month up to the resignation date.



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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

3.24 Employee benefits (continued)

3.24.3 Unemployment insurance

According to Circular 28/2015/TT-BLDTBXH, which provides on guidelines for Article 52 of the Law on Employment and Decree No. 28/2015/ND-CP dated 12 March 2015 of the Government, which provides on guidelines for the Law on Employment in terms of unemployment insurance, the Bank is obliged to pay unemployment insurance at a rate of 1% of its salary fund used for unemployment insurance purposes and required to deduct 1% of each employee's salary to pay simultaneously to the Unemployment Insurance Fund.

3.25 Segment reporting

A segment is a component determined separately by the Bank, which is engaged in providing products or related services (business segment) or providing products or services in a particular economic environment (geographical segment). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. The business segment of the Bank is derived mainly from the business segment.

3.26 Related parties

Parties are considered related parties of the Bank if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Additionally, related parties include situations where, or when the Bank along with another party, are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close members of their families.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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4. CASH AND GOLD

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Cash on hand in VND Cash on hand in foreign currencies Monetary gold	1,112,762 144,188 821	1,001,030 130,654 1,285
	1,257,771	1,132,969

5. BALANCES WITH THE STATE BANK OF VIETNAM ("SBV")

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
In VND In foreign currencies	11,172,181 62,485	16,178,399 89,648
	11,234,666	16,268,047

Balances with the SBV include settlement and compulsory reserves. The average balances of the Bank with the State Bank of Vietnam are not less than the compulsory reserve in any given month. The compulsory reserve is calculated by multiplying average deposit balances of previous month by the compulsory reserve rates.

The compulsory deposit rates are as follows:

	30 June 2024 %	31 December 2023 %
For customers Demand deposits and term deposits with		0.00
maturity term less than 12 months in VND Term deposits with maturity term from 12	3.00 1.00	3.00 1.00
months and above in VND Demand deposits and term deposits with maturity term less than 12 months in foreign	1.00	1.00
currencies Term deposits with maturity term from 12	8.00	8.00
months and above in foreign currencies	6.00	6.00
For overseas credit institutions Deposits in foreign currencies	1.00	1.00

The actual annual interest rates on balances with the SBV are as follows:

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
Within compulsory reserve in VND Within compulsory reserve in foreign currencies	0.50 0.00	0.50 0.00
Over compulsory reserve in VND and foreign currencies	0.00	0.00

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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DUE FROM AND LOANS TO OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS 6.

Due from other credit institutions 6.1

6.2

In VND

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Demand deposits - In VND - In foreign currencies	13,283,813 12,779,182 504,631	9,267,817 8,468,742 799,075
Term deposits - In VND - In foreign currencies	16,789,100 16,331,000 458,100	11,533,600 10,856,000 677,600
in lotoigh our ended	30,072,913	20,801,417
The interest rates of due from other credit instituti	ions at the period-end	are as follows:
	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
Demand deposits - In VND - In foreign currencies	0.00 - 1.00 0.00 - 1.00	0.00 - 0.60 0.00 - 1.00
Term deposits - In VND - In foreign currencies	2.70 - 5.50 5.40 - 5.50	0.80 - 4.00 5.10 - 5.30
Loans to other credit institutions	•	
	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
In VND	1,189,885	1,789,885

These are loans provided to three people's credit funds under specially supervision following the direction of the State Bank of Vietnam at a 0% interest rate (2023: 0%) with an amount of VND289,885 million (31 December 2023: VND289,885 million).

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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DUE FROM AND LOANS TO OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS (continued) 6.

Loans to other credit institutions (continued) 6.2

The interest rates of loans to other credit institutions at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.	
Loans to other credit institutions In VND	0.00 - 5.30	0.00 - 6.30	
Analysis of term deposits and loans to other credit institutions by quality			

6.3

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Current Term deposits	17,978,985 16,789,100	13,323,485 11,533,600
Loans	1,189,885	1,789,885

DERIVATIVES AND OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS 7.

	Total contract	Total carrying value (at exchange rate as at reporting date)	
	(at contractual exchange rate) VND million	Assets VND million	Liabilities VND million
Currency derivative instruments as at 30 June 2024			
Forward contracts	5,806	274	-
Swap contracts	14,061,090	63,391	
	14,066,896	63,665	
Net amount	_	63,665	
Currency derivative instruments as at 31 December 2023			
Forward contracts	11,907	57	-
Swap contracts	5,752,651	39,398	
	5,764,558	39,455	••
Net amount	-	39,455	

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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8. LOANS TO CUSTOMERS

0.	LOANS TO COSTOMENS		
		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Loans to domestic economic entities and individuals Payments on behalf of customers	156,521,851 34,337	141,428,637 6,238
	Discounted transferable instruments and valuable papers	14,917	3,402
	Loans financed by grants and entrusted funds	164	164
		156,571,269	141,438,441
	The annual interest rates of loans to customer at th	e period-end are as f	follows:
		30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
	In VND In foreign currencies	4.80 - 24.00 3.00 - 5.20	3.80 - 23.50 3.20 - 7.30
8.1	Analysis of loans by quality		
		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Current Special mention Substandard Doubtful Loss	148,364,076 4,190,981 854,120 1,298,874 1,863,218	133,053,654 5,395,665 820,666 1,182,425 986,031
		156,571,269	141,438,441
8.2	Analysis of loans by original terms		
		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Short-term Medium-term	91,629,964 21,703,806	77,393,620 20,841,076
	Long-term	43,237,499	43,203,745
		156,571,269	141,438,441

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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8. LOANS TO CUSTOMERS (continued)

8.3 Analysis of loans by type of customers and ownership

	30 June 2024		31 December 2023	
	VND million	%	VND million	%
Corporate Ioans	130,465,017	83.33	113,313,435	80.12
Other limited companies	71,854,778	45.89	61,289,527	43.33
Other joint stock companies	58,163,711	37.15	51,962,750	36.74
Cooperatives and inter-cooperatives	406,575	0.26	8,110	0.01
Private companies	32	0.00	32	0.00
Joint-foreign-invested enterprises	123	0.00	265	0.00
Others	39,798	0.03	52,751	0.04
Loans to individuals	26,106,252	16.67	28,125,006	19.88
	156,571,269	100.00	141,438,441	100.00

8.4 Analysis of loans by industry

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
•		
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	9,050,103	10,433,935
Mining exploration	1,417,030	811,781
Manufacturing and processing	4,910,808	3,623,355
Electricity, gas, steam, and air conditioning		44.540.400
supply	10,443,889	11,513,182
Water supply; sewerage, waste management	00.440	00.745
and remediation activities	26,410	28,715
Construction	9,437,576	10,241,206
Trading, repair of motor vehicles, motorcycles,	68,752,980	55,693,320
and other vehicles	713,403	1,279,707
Transportation and warehousing	17,831,194	15,730,332
Hotels and accommodation services Information and communication	3,117	5,464
Finance services, banking, and insurance	0,111	
activities	1,025,799	1,020,340
Real estate trading and consulting services	16,849,172	12,802,865
Science and technology activities	868,495	199,948
Administrative activities and supporting service	326,763	344,531
Education and training	1,041	10,913
Health and social support activities	119,160	53,620
Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2,779,154	3,683,797
Others	13,157	12,133
Activities of households as employers,		
undifferentiated goods and services producing activities of households for own use	12,002,018	13,949,297
400,710,000 0, 110,400,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,100,	156,571,269	141,438,441



NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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9. PROVISION FOR CREDIT LOSSES

The breakdown of provision for credit losses at the period-end is as follows:

	_Note	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Provision for loans to customers Provision for credit risk receivables	9.1 13.4	1,895,084 4,075	1,543,800 4,349
		1,899,159	1,548,149

The provision for credit losses at the period-end is as follows:

	Note	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Provision expense for loans Provision expense for special bonds issued by VAMC (Reversed)/charged for provision for credit risk receivables	9.1	351,284	301,376
	10.4	-	149,022
	13.4	(274)	274
		351,010	450,672

9.1 Provision for loans to customers

The movements of provision for credit losses during the current period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
31 December 2023 Provision charged to during the period	490,407 244,367	1,053,393 106,917	1,543,800 351,284
30 June 2024	734,774	1,160,310	1,895,084

The movements of provision for credit losses during the previous period are as follows:

	Specific provision VND million	General provision VND million	Total VND million
31 December 2022 Provision charged to during the period Utilization of provision	359,510 228,366 (214,682)	884,718 73,010	1,244,228 301,376 (214,682)
30 June 2023	373,194	957,728	1,330,922

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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10. INVESTMENT SECURITIES

10.1 Available-for-sale securities

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Debt securities Government bonds (a) Reads and deposit contificates issued by other	2,728,181	3,084,093
Bonds and deposit certificates issued by other domestic credit institutions (b) Bonds issued by domestic economic entities (c)	9,955,826 300,000	9,582,574 300,000
	12,984,007	12,966,667
Equity securities Equity securities issued by other domestic credit	402.260	103,369
institutions Equity securities issued by domestic economic entities	103,369 40,772	40,772
	144,141	144,141
	13,128,148	13,110,808
Provision for available-for-sale securities Diminution provision General provision	(16,595) (2,250)	(16,595) (2,250)
	(18,845)	(18,845)
	13,109,303	13,091,963

- (a) Government bonds have terms ranging from fifteen (15) years to thirty (30) years and bear interest at rates ranging from 3.60% p.a. to 7.80% p.a.
- (b) Bonds issued by other credit institutions have terms ranging from twenty-four (24) months to thirty-six (36) months and earn interest at rates from 5.70% p.a. to 7.30% p.a. Deposit certificates issued by other credit institutions have terms ranging from six (6) months to eleven (11) months and earn interest at rates from 3.00% p.a. to 9.20% p.a.
- (c) Bonds issued by domestic economic entities have a term of three (3) years. The interest rate of 10.00% p.a. is either fixed or subject to change on a semi-annually basis.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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10. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

10.1 Available-for-sale securities (continued)

The listing status of available-for-sale securities is as follows:

		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Debt securities Listed Unlisted	2,728,181 10,255,826	3,084,093 9,882,574
		12,984,007	12,966,667
	Equity securities Unlisted	144,141	144,141
		144,141	144,141
10.2	Held-to-maturity securities		
		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Government bonds (a)	9,359,649	9,977,613
	Bonds issued by other domestic credit institutions (b)	1,206,009	999,201
	• •	10,565,658	10,976,814

- (a) These are Government bonds that have terms from ten (10) years to thirty (30) years and earn interest at rates ranging from 2.20% p.a. to 6.30% p.a.
- (b) These are bonds issued by other domestic credit institutions that have terms ranging from two (2) years to fifteen (15) years and earn interest at rates ranging from 5.50% to 8.10% p.a.

The listing status of held-to-maturity securities is as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Debt securities Listed Unlisted	9,765,658 800,000	10,776,814 200,000
	10,565,658	10,976,814

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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10. INVESTMENT SECURITIES (continued)

10.3 Analysis of securities classified as credit risk assets by quality

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Current	11,055,827	10,881,775

10.4 Provision for investment securities

The movement of provision for investment securities during the period is as follows:

•		
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Beginning balance Available-for-sale securities Special bond issued by VAMC	18,845	49,625 637,815
	18,845	687,440
Provision charged/(reversal) in the period Available for sale securities Special bonds issued by VAMC	-	(18,056) 149,022 130,966
Ending balance Available for sale securities Special bonds issued by VAMC	18,845	31,569 786,837
	18,845	818,406

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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11. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Investments in subsidiary Other long-term investments	500,000 226,115	500,000 74,800
	726,115	574,800

11.1 Investments in subsidiary

Breakdown of investments in subsidiary are as follow:

	30 June	e 2024	31 December 2023	
	Cost VND million	Ownership (%)	Cost VND million	Ownership (%)
Nam A Bank Asset Management Company Limited	500,000	100	500,000	100

11.2 Other long-term investments

Breakdown of long-term investments at cost are as follow:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Beta Securities Incorporation Other joint stock companies	74,800 151,315	74,800
	226,115	74,800

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

12. FIXED ASSETS

12.1 Tangible fixed assets

Cost	Buildings and structures VND million	Machinery and equipment VND million	Vehicles VND million	Office equipment VND million	Other fixed assets VND million	Total VND million
Beginning balance Additions	782,115	450,686 3,144	258,397 13,965	42,019 490	19,981 107	1,553,198 17,706
in progress Disposals Transfer from financial lease	1 1	4,084 (465)	3,295 (8,750)	1,309 (341)	3,707 (129)	
fixed assets	1	B	1,233		1	
Ending balance	782,115	457,449	268,140	43,477	23,666	1,574,847
Accumulated depreciation						
Beginning balance	187,767	251,452	164,814	33,629	14,467	
Charges for the period Transfer from financial lease	14,987	27,386	16,181	1,588	950	61,092
fixed assets	ı	ı	1,079	ı	•	
Disposals	1	(465)	(8,750)	(341)	(129)	(9,685)
Ending balance	202,754	278,373	173,324	34,876	15,288	704,615
Net book value						
Beginning balance	594,348	199,234	93,583	8,390	5,514	901,069
Ending balance	579,361	179,076	94,816	8,601	8,378	870,232

The cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets that are still in use as at 30 June 2024 is VND268,660 million (31 December 2023 is VND264,177 million).

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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12. FIXED ASSETS

12.2 Financial lease fixed assets

	Vehicles VND million
Cost Beginning balance Transfer to tangible fixed assets	158,092 (1,233)
Ending balance	156,859
Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance Charges for the period Transfer to tangible fixed assets	54,360 13,110 (1,079)
Ending balance	66,391
Net book value	
Beginning balance	103,732
Ending balance	90,468

The Bank leases some motor vehicles under various finance lease agreements. At the end of the lease term, the Bank has the option to purchase the motor vehicles.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

12. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

12.3 Intangible fixed assets

Total VND million	744,439 2,242 2,391	749,072	162,847	6,193		581,592	580,032
Computer software VND million	182,474 2,242 2,391	187,107	152,294	3,009		30,180	31,804
Indefinite-term Iand use rights VND million	356,378	356,378				356,378	356,378
Definite term land use rights VND million	205,587	205,587	10,553	3,184		195,034	191,850
	Cost Beginning balance Additions Transfer from construction in progress	Ending balance	Accumulated amortization Beginning balance Charges for the period	Ending balance	Net book value Beginning balance	Ending balance	

The cost of fully depreciated intangible fixed assets that are still in use as at 30 June 2024 is VND140,415 million (31 December 2023 is VND140,415 million).

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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13 OTHER ASSETS

13.1 Receivables

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Constructions in progress (i) Deposit, mortgage, pledge Operating advances Receivables from debt trading Receivables in fast money transfer Receivables from card payment activities Cash collateral agreement with card	695,564 154,422 130,358 89,466 69,487 47,302	293,571 140,778 62,937 89,466 515,070 32,639
corporations Other receivables	46,937 15,734	30,250 1,033
	1,249,270	1,165,744
(i) Constructions in progress include:		
	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Buildings and structures Machinery and equipment Transportation vehicles Purchase of other assets	663,408 21,150 9,358 1,648	290,036 2,367 - 1,168
	695,564	293,571

The movement of constructions in progress during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Beginning balance Additions Transfer to tangible fixed assets Transfer to intangible fixed assets Transfer to finance lease fixed assets Transfer to instrument and tools Transfer to prepaid and operating expenses	293,571 431,129 (12,395) (2,391) - (4,678) (9,672)	531,950 195,502 (407,854) (160,799) (3,275) (11,373) (84,359)
Ending balance	695,564	59,792

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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13. OTHER ASSETS (continued)

13.2 Interest and fee receivables

		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Interest receivable from credit activities Interest receivable from investment securities Interest receivable from deposits Interest receivable from swap contracts Interest receivable from forward contracts Fee receivables	2,424,820 632,862 41,728 4,032 - 977	1,577,705 450,910 21,807 5,684 9 20,170
		3,104,419	2,076,285
13.3	Other assets		
		30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Prepaid and deferred expenses (i) Foreclosed assets awaiting resolution (ii) Tools and supplies	511,812 88,745 23,727	578,172 82,047 20,746
		624,284	680,965

- (i) Prepaid and deferred expenses primarily include costs for asset of leasing and repairs, costs for purchasing tools and supplies, and other types of prepaid expenses.
- (ii) The following are the details of foreclosed assets that have been transferred ownership to other credit institutions and are awaiting resolution:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Shares Real estates	80,684 8,061	82,047
	88,745	82,047

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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13. OTHER ASSETS (continued)

13.4 Provision for other assets

Provision for other assets includes:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Provision for credit losses General provision Specific provision	4,075 - <i>4,075</i> 28,674	4,349 <i>274</i> <i>4,075</i> 28,674
Provision for diminution	32,749	33,023

Changes in the provision for other assets during the period are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Beginning balance	33,023	26,623 (1,301)
Diminution provision reversal for the period (Reversed)/charged for the general provision of debt trading	(274)	274
Ending balance	32,749	25,596

14. BORROWINGS FROM THE GOVERNMENT AND THE SBV

_	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Borrowing under credit facilities Borrowing through discount and rediscount of valuable papers	250	345
	2,977,003	
3	2,977,253	345

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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15. DUE TO AND BORROWINGS FROM OTHER CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

15.1 Due to other credit institutions

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Demand deposits In VND	12,022,680 12,022,680	8,014,467 8,014,467
Term deposits In VND In foreign currencies	18,343,275 15,811,000 2,532,275	14,802,500 13,834,500 968,000
	30,365,955	22,816,967

The annual interest rates applicable to due to other credit institutions are as follows:

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
Term deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies	2.80 - 5.50 5.30 - 5.60	0.80 - 5.00 5.30

15.2 Borrowings from other credit institutions

VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
54,156 <i>54,156</i> 1,162,813	64,814 <i>64,814</i> 1,139,581 1,204,395
	54,156 <i>54,15</i> 6

The annual interest rates applicable to borrowings from other credit institutions are as follows:

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
In VND In foreign currencies	10.00 - 11.55 0.75 - 5.40	8.05 - 12.05 0.75 - 6.38

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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16. DUE TO CUSTOMERS

16.1 Analysis by type of deposits

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Demand deposits Demand deposits in VND Demand deposits in foreign currencies Demand savings deposits in VND Demand savings deposits in foreign currencies	9,868,301 9,603,394 233,799 30,365 743	10,003,475 9,608,997 364,457 29,385 636
Term deposits Term deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies Term savings deposits in VND Term savings deposits in foreign currencies	143,459,302 26,971,222 73,699 115,817,924 596,457	134,549,843 29,231,149 102,060 104,511,347 705,287
Deposits for specific purposes Deposits for specific purposes in VND Deposits for specific purposes in foreign currencies	110,751 110,711 40	769,691 767,715 1,976
Margin deposits Margin deposits in VND Margin deposits in foreign currencies	251,650 250,637 1,013 153,690,004	288,026 288,026 - 145,611,035
The annual interest rates applicable to due to custo	omers are as follows:	
	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a.
Demand deposits in VND Demand savings deposits in VND Demand deposits in foreign currencies Demand savings deposits in foreign currencies Term deposits in VND Term savings deposits in VND Term deposits in foreign currencies Term savings deposits in foreign currencies Deposits for specific purposes in VND	0.00 - 0.50 0.50 0.00 0.00 0.50 - 11.90 0.00 - 12.00 0.00 0.00	0.00 - 0.50 0.50 0.00 0.00 0.50 - 12.20 0.50 - 13.10 0.00 0.00 0.20 - 1.00
Deposits for specific purposes in foreign currencies Margin deposits in VND Margin deposits in foreign currencies	0.00 0.00 - 8.70 0.00	0.00 0.00 - 10.00 0.00 - 0.50

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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16. **DUE TO CUSTOMERS** (continued)

16.2 Analysis by customers and type of business

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Due to from economic entities Other joint stock companies	29,151,750 12,072,380	33,413,499 15,498,078
Other limited companies One-member limited liability companies of	6,254,883	6,813,864
which 100% charter capital is held by the State Public administrative units, agencies of the	5,178,796	4,156,586
Communist Party, unions, and associations	4,280,023	4,132,212
Joint-foreign-invested enterprises	357,113	616,924
State-owned companies	565,931	1,085,544
Private companies	87,603	40,197
Partnership	44,131	40,509
Cooperatives and inter-cooperatives The joint stock company of which over 50% of share capital or the total voting share capital is held or coordinated by the State under the	27,170	26,160
company's charter	283,720	1,003,425
Due to individuals	122,232,555	110,553,797
Others	2,305,699	1,643,739
	153,690,004	145,611,035

17. GRANTS, ENTRUSTED FUNDS AND LOANS EXPOSED TO RISKS

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
In VND In foreign currencies (i)	1,197 1,068,900	1,665 1,064,800
III loreign currenoles (//	1,070,097	1,066,465

⁽i) This is a part of entrusted funds in USD that are used to finance projects with purposes in compliance with the agreement.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended $\,$

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18. VALUABLE PAPERS ISSUED

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Certificate of deposits less than 1 year Certificate of deposits over 1 year Bonds having term over 1 year	5,000,000 10,113,640 4,470,000	5,600,000 9,148,868 3,710,000
-	19,583,640	18,458,868

The annual interest rates applicable to valuable papers issued are as follows:

	30 June 2024 % p.a.	31 December 2023 % p.a
Certificate of deposits less than 1 year	3.50 - 6.50	4.90 - 9.50
Certificate of deposits over 1 year	6.80 - 9.90	5.20 - 11.70
Bonds having term over 1 year	5.30 - 9.70	4.40 - 9.70

19. OTHER LIABILITIES

19.1 Interest and fee payables

Interest on deposits Interest on valuable papers Interest on borrowings Interest on swap contracts	588,829 416,171 22,634 6,124	676,905 662,245 16,674 7,479
Interest on grants, entrusted funds Interest on forward contracts	7,475 2,778,038	6,130 8 4,283,213

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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19. OTHER LIABILITIES (continued)

19.2 Other liabilities

·	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Internal payables Payables to employees Bonus and welfare fund (i)	200,552 92,762 107,790	324,103 270,625 53,478
External payables Taxes and other payables to the State Budget Payables to fast remittance transaction Payments pending in payment operations Payables related to card payment services Cash held in trust and waiting for settlement Other unearned income Dividends Union payables Others	589,738 257,489 94,105 78,470 70,158 11,386 3,881 3,796 960 69,493	1,067,682 364,781 580,478 26,174 43,674 17,472 3,222 3,866 4,183 23,832
-	790,290	1,391,785

(j) The movement of the bonus and welfare fund during the period is as follows:

Utilization during the period Ending balance	(5,688) 107,790	(1,521) 54,231
Beginning balance Appropriation in period	53,478 60,000	26,145 29,607
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million

20. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

		Movement duri	ng the period	
	31 December 2023 VND million	Payables VND million	Paid VND million	30 June 2024 VND million
Value added tax Corporate income tax Other taxes Personal income tax Withholding tax License tax Others	68,788 267,700 28,293 25,204 3,089	50,121 445,480 101,269 94,106 7,021 142 93	(112,568) (469,066) (122,528) (114,952) (7,434) (142) (93)	6,341 244,114 7,034 4,358 2,676
- Carlotto	364,781	596,963	(704,255)	257,489

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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20. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS (continued)

20.1 Current corporate income tax

The Bank has an obligation to pay corporate income tax ("CIT") at a rate of 20% of taxable profits for the current period (previous period: 20%).

The tax returns of the Bank are subject to examination by the taxation authorities. Since the application of tax laws and regulations to many types of transactions is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the interim separate financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the taxation authorities.

The current tax payable is based on taxable profit for the current period. Taxable income differs from profit as reported in the interim consolidate income statement because it excludes taxable income or deductible expenses from prior years due to differences between the Bank's accounting policies and the current income tax policies. It also excludes non-taxable income or non-deductible expenses. The current CIT payables are calculated based on the statutory tax rates applicable at the end of the period.

The calculation of current CIT during the period is as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Profit before tax	2,210,638	1,519,860
At applicable CIT tax rate of 20%	442,128	303,972
Adjustments to increase: - Non-deductible expenses	3,352	3,344
Estimated CIT expenses for the period	445,480	307,316



NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

21. OWNERS' EQUITY

The movement of the equity is presented below:

Total VND million	15,213,282	1,765,158	ı	(60,000)	(8,569)	16,909,871
Retained earnings VND million	3,213,195	1,765,158	(5,243)	(000'09)		4,913,110
Reserves of credit institutions VND million	1,419,221	•	5,243	1	1	1,424,464
Foreign currency conversion reserve VND million	ı	•	ı	1	(8,569)	(8,569)
Fund for capital expenditure VND million	10	ı	ı	ı	1	10
Others VND million	25	1	ı	ı	1	25
Share premium VND million	415	1	i	ı	1	415
Charter capital	10,580,416	1	1	ı	1	10,580,416
,	•	riod	serves	2 2 2	aluation	
	31 December 2023	Net profit for the period	Appropriation to reserves	welfare funds	Exchange rate revaluation	30 June 2024

During the period, the Bank made the development investment fund, the science and training research fund and the bonus and welfare fund according to the approval of the profit distribution plan for 2023 on 22 March 2024. As at 26 July 2024, the Bank has successfully issued an additional 264,508,938 individual shares to increase its capital from the owner's equity source, in accordance with the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2024. As a result, the Bank has recorded an increase in charter capital by an additional VND2,645,089,380,000 bringing from the initial VND10,580,416,150,000 to the new level of VND13,225,505,530,000. This new charter capital level has been confirmed by the competent authorities in the following documents:

- Official letter No. 4690/NHNN-TTGSNH dated 5 June 2024 from the State Bank of Vietnam approving the proposal for an increase in the charter capital of Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank;
- Official letter No. 4055/UBCK-QLCB dated 28 June 2024 from the State Securities Commission regarding the report on the issuance of shares to increase the equity capital from the owner's equity source of Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank;
- Official letter No. 4632/UBCK-QLCB dated 25 July 2024 from the State Securities Commission approving the results of the issuance of shares to increase the equity capital from the owner's equity source of Nam A Commercial Joint Stock Bank

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

21. OWNER'S EQUITY (continued)

The movement of the Bank's reserves during the period are presented below:

The movement of the bank and	socives daring	the period are pr			
Items	Financial reserve VND million	Capital supplementary reserve VND million		Other serve nillion	Total VND million
31 December 2023 Appropriation to reserves	937,699	469,583		1,939 5,243	1,419,221 5,243
30 June 2024	937,699	469,583	1	7,182	1,424,464
Details of the Bank's shares ar	e as follows:				
		30 Jui	ne 2024 Shares	31 De	cember 2023 Shares
Number of registered shares		1,058,0	041,615	1	,058,041,615
Number of shares issued - Ordinary shares		1,058,0	041,615	1	,058,041,615
Number of outstanding shares - Ordinary shares		1,058,0	041,615	1	,058,041,615
22. INTEREST AND SIMILAR INC	OME				
		For the size	x-month	For	the six-month
		period	d ended		period ended
			ne 2024		30 June 2023
		VNL	million		VND million
Interest income from loans		7,6	391,299		8,342,051
Interest income from investing	securities		312,522		497,085
Interest income from deposit		2	209,575		403,798 212,214
Interest income from credit act Interest income from guarantee			57,761 40,152		48,575
		8,6	611,309		9,503,723
23. INTEREST AND SIMILAR EXP	PENSE				
		For the six	k-month	For	the six-month
			d ended		period ended
			ne 2024		30 June 2023
		VNE	million		VND million
Interest expense on deposits			923,758		5,835,786
Interest expense on valuable p			352,551		460,955
Interest expense on borrowings		•	105,120 22,081		108,987 16,990
Expenses for other credit activi Interest expense on finance lea			3,278		3,446
		4,7	706,788		6,426,164

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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24. NET FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME

A	11211 22 / 1112		
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
	Fee and commission income Settlement services Account services Property rental services Consulting services Asset preservation services Insurance agency fees Treasury services Others	578,677 399,445 101,281 21,503 10,536 3,669 1,743 1,219 39,281	697,254 427,560 105,357 17,626 30,677 36,078 42,565 1,608 35,783
	Fee and commission expenses Settlement services Treasury service Consulting services Others	(276,481) (272,150) (1,869) (50) (2,412)	(325,571) (320,136) (1,673) (2,078) (1,684)
		302,196	371,683
25.	NET (LOSS)/GAIN FROM TRADING OF FOREIGN	N CURRENCIES	
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
	Income from trading of foreign currencies Income from spot foreign exchange trading Income from currency derivatives Income from gold trading	69,324 52,584 16,441 299	146,931 104,060 42,568 303
	Expense for trading of foreign currencies Expense for spot foreign exchange trading Expense for currency derivatives	(95,802) (75,063) (20,739)	(102,918) (29,925) (72,993)
		(26,478)	44,013
26.	NET GAIN FROM INVESTMENT SECURITIES		
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
	Income from trading of investment securities Expense from trading of investment securities	71,117 (975)	(11,884)
	Reversed provision for available-for-sale securities		18,056
		70,142	6,172

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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27. NET GAIN FROM OTHER OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	ASSE N=		
		For the six-month	For the six-month
		period ended	period ended
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
		VND million	VND million
		VIVD IIIIIIOII	VIVD IIIIIIOII
	Other operating income	20,389	5,958
	Income from recovery of loans previously written-off	18,801	4,337
	Net income from disposals of fixed assets	1,167	715
	Other income	421	906
	Other operating expense	(5,205)	(5,567)
	Sponsoring expense	(1,932)	(3,378)
	•	(3,273)	(2,189)
	Other expenses	15,184	391
		10,104	
28.	OPERATING EXPENSES		
		For the six-month	For the six-month
		period ended	period ended
		30 June 2024	30 June 2023
		VND million	VND million
	Personnel expenses	858,996	790,073
	- Salary and allowances	744,253	720,756
	- Salary-related allowances	60,385	53,645
	- Allowances and others	54,358	15,672
		-	
	Depreciation expenses on fixed assets	80,395	67,568
	Other an arching sympass	764,526	671,645
	Other operating expense	199,930	189,398
	- General management expense	100,000	,
	- Advertising, marketing, promotion, and	166,988	129,285
	entertainment	155,672	134,272
	- Office rental	92,426	81,609
	- Insurance expenses for customer deposits	91,760	73,990
	- Repair and maintenance assets	20,712	21,199
	- Other assets expenses	18,770	19,979
	- Printing materials expenses	289	10,997
	- Union expenses	11,004	7,525
	- Business trips expenses	11,004	7,020
	- Reversed provision for expenses (excluding	_	(1,301)
	provisions for credit losses and investment)	6,975	4,692
	- Other expenses		
		1,703,917	1,529,286

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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29. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents included in the interim separate cash flows statement comprise the following balances in the interim separate statement of financial position:

			30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
	Bala	h and gold ances with the SBV	1,257,771 11,234,666	1,132,969 16,268,047
		from and loans to other credit institutions terms of less than 3 months	30,072,913	20,801,417
	••••		42,565,350	38,202,433
30.	EM	PLOYEES' INCOME		
			For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023
	I.	Total number of employees (persons)	5,267	4,898
	II.	Employees' income (VND million)		
		1. Total salary	744,253	720,756
		2. Bonus	5,688	350
		3. Total income (1+2)	749,941	721,106
		 Average monthly salary (VND million/person) 	24	25
		Average monthly income (VND million/person)	24	25

31. TYPES AND BOOK VALUE OF COLLATERALS

31.1 Assets and valuable papers, mortgaged, pledged and discounted, re-discounted

The types and book value of customers' collaterals at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Real estate properties Valuable papers Movable assets Other assets	148,446,337 64,067,253 4,525,672 74,413,256	146,305,613 67,691,303 4,331,319 64,549,919
	291,452,518	282,878,154

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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31. TYPES AND BOOK VALUE OF COLLATERALS (continued)

31.2 Assets and valuable papers of the Bank mortgaged, pledged and discounted, re-

The breakdown of financial assets mortgaged, pledged by the Bank for credit granting activities with the SBV, as well as those discounted, borrowed against, or transferred under purchase and repurchase agreements with SBV and other credit institutions, is as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Valuable papers	4,229,000	7,379,000

32. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

In the normal course of business, the Bank is a party to financial instruments that are recorded as off-statement of financial position items. These financial instruments mainly comprise foreign exchange commitments, guarantee commitments and commercial letters of credit. These instruments involve elements of credit risk for the Bank, which are not reflected out of the items recognized in the interim separate statement of financial position.

Credit risk for off-statement of financial position financial instruments is defined as the possibility of sustaining a loss for the Bank because any other party to a financial instrument fails to perform in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Financial guarantees are conditional commitments issued by the Bank to guarantee the performance of a customer to a third-party. This includes guarantees for borrowings, settlement, performing contracts and bidding. The credit risk involved in issuing guarantees is essentially the same as that involved in extending loans to other customers.

Deferred payment letters of credits represent the amounts at risk should the contract be fully performed but the client defaults in repayment to the beneficiary. Deferred payment letters of credit that defaulted by clients are recognized by the Bank as granting of a compulsory loan with a corresponding liability representing the financial obligation of the Bank to pay the beneficiaries and to fulfil the guarantor obligation.

The Bank requires margin deposits to support credit-related financial instruments when it is deemed necessary. The margin deposit required varies from nil to 100% of the value of a granted commitment, depending on the creditworthiness of clients as assessed by the Bank.

The currency trading commitments include commitments to purchase, sell at spot, and currency swap commitments. Commitments to purchase or, sell at spot are commitments to purchase or, sell currency at the dealt exchange rate and make payment within 2 (two) days since transaction date. Currency swap commitments involve purchasing and selling with the same notional principal amount (using only two currencies) to one client. This includes one transaction for term payment at spot and one transaction for term payment in the future with the exchange rate of both transactions determined at spot transaction date.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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32. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

Details of outstanding commitments and contingent liabilities at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Foreign exchange commitments - Commitments on currency swap transaction - Spot foreign exchange commitments - buy - Spot foreign exchange commitments - sell	30,955,818 30,289,037 358,851 307,930	14,694,595 12,105,195 2,420,000 169,400
Letters of credit - Deferred letters of credit	1,243,746 1,243,746	6,116,593 <i>6,116,593</i>
Other guarantees - Settlement guarantee - Contract performance guarantee - Bid guarantee - Other guarantees	8,187,679 599,767 219,259 16,507 7,352,146 40,387,243	9,884,653 684,543 231,470 8,752 8,959,888 30,695,841
Less: Margin deposits	(17,320)	(38,910)
Contingent liabilities and commitments	40,369,923	30,656,931

33. INTEREST AND FEE RECEIVABLE BUT NOT YET COLLECTED

Details of outstanding interest and fee receivable but not yet collected at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Interest but not yet collected	2,292,865	2,019,149

34. WRITTEN-OFF DEBTS

Details of outstanding written-off debts at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Written-off debts under monitoring Principal Interest Others	2,835,883 1,720,498 1,115,385 605	2,673,642 1,735,034 938,608 605
	2,836,488	2,674,247

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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35. ASSETS AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

Details of outstanding assets and other documents at the period-end are as follows:

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Other assets kept for customers Collateral assets received as a substitute for	2,164,230	2,188,093
the fulfillment of obligations by the guarantor, pending resolution Other valuable documents under safekeeping	14,379 10,929,318	13,702 9,231,481
	13,107,927	11,433,276

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party transactions include all transactions undertaken with other entities to which the Bank is related. Parties are considered as related parties if one party is able to control over or significantly influence to the other party in making decision of financial and operational policies. A party is deemed to be related to the Bank if:

- (a) Directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, the party:
 - controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the Bank (including parents and subsidiary);
 - has an interest (owing 5% or more of the charter capital or voting share capital) in the Bank that gives it significant influence over the Bank;
 - has joint control over the Bank;
- (b) The party is a joint venture in which the Bank is a venture (owning over 11% of the charter capital or voting share capital but is not a subsidiary of the Bank);
- (c) The party is a member of the key management personnel of the Bank;
- (d) The party is a close member of the family of any person referred to in (a) or (c); or
- (e) The party is an entity that is controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by, or for which significant voting power in such entity resides with, directly or indirectly, any person referred to in (c) or (d).

Significant transactions with related parties in the current period are as follows:

(a) Subsidiary

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023
Interest expense for deposits	(5,717)	(6,201)
Income from other activities Expense from other activities	(14,052)	(8,707)

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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37. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

(b) Member of Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of Managements

•	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Loan interest income Interest expense on deposits Income from other activities	(250) 12	377 (230)
Salary and allowances of the Board of Directors	(16,690)	(14,476)
Remuneration for members of the Board of Directors	(7,569)	(5,400)
Remuneration for members of the Board of Supervision	(2,030)	(1,740)
(c) Other related parties (*)		
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 VND million	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2023 VND million
Loan interest income Interest expense on deposits Income from other activities	1,844 (2,364) 8	2,233 (3,304) 2

^(*) Other related parties include those associated with the Bank's Member of Board of Directors, Board of Supervisors and Board of Managements, businesses in which these individuals hold, directly or indirectly, a substantial portion of the voting rights or through which they can exercise significant influence over the Bank.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

36. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

Receivables and payables with related parties at the period-end are as follow:

Related party	Transactions	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Subsidiary	Term deposits Demand deposits	(492,000) (11,805)	(176,000) (6,090)
	Accrual interest expense from deposits	(439)	(441)
Member of Board	Deposits	(170,012)	(29,224) 16
of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of Managements	Loans Accrual interest expense from deposits	(76)	(148)
Other related parties	Deposits Loans	(47,105) 46,657	(51,520) 49,851
	Accrual interest expense from deposits	(972)	(1,453)
	Accrual interest income from loans	198	276

37. CONCENTRATION OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND OFF SEPARATE STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS

	Domestic	Overseas	Total
	VND million	VND million	VND million
Assets at 30 June 2024 Due from and loans to other credit institutions Derivatives and other financial assets (Total transaction value amount to contract) Loans to customers - gross Investment securities - gross Long-term investments - gross	225,901,266 30,843,180 14,066,896 156,571,269 23,693,806 726,115	419,618 419,618 - - -	226,320,884 31,262,798 14,066,896 156,571,269 23,693,806 726,115
Liabilities at 30 June 2024	203,974,969	1,951,696	205,926,665
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customers	30,700,128	882,796	31,582,924
	153,690,004	-	153,690,004
Grants, entrusted funds, and loans exposed to risks	1,197	1,068,900	1,070,097
Valuable papers issued	19,583,640		19,583,640
Off separate statement of financial position commitments at 30 June 2024	40,369,923	-	40,369,923

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

38. INFORMATION BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS

The information on income and expenses of each segment by geographical area of the Bank as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended as follows:

	Northern VND million	Central VND million	South VND million	Total segment reported VND million	Eliminations VND million	Total VND million
Income Interest income Fee and commission income Other operation income	1,591,154 1,569,534 10,629 10,991	1,658,707 1,590,988 64,583 3,136	18,128,308 17,478,140 503,465 146,703	21,378,169 20,638,662 578,677	(12,027,353) (12,027,353)	9,350,816 8,611,309 578,677 160,830
Expense Interest expense Depreciation expense Expense directly related to operation activities	(1,384,068) (1,177,707) (6,543) (199,818)	(1,410,385) (1,186,406) (9,438) (214,541)	(16,022,068) (14,370,028) (64,414) (1,587,626)	(18,816,521) (16,734,141) (80,395) (2,001,985)	12,027,353 12,027,353	(6,789,168) (4,706,788) (80,395) (2,001,985)
Net operating profit before provision for credit losses Reversed/(charged) provision for credit losses	207,086 8,122	248,322 (12,141)	2,106,240 (346,991)	2,561,648 (351,010)	' '	2,561,648 (351,010)
Profit before tax	215,208	236,181	1,759,249	2,210,638	1	2,210,638

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

38. INFORMATION BY GEOGRAPHICAL REGIONS (continued)

Information on asset and liability of each segment by geographical area of the Bank as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended as follows:

	Northern VND million	Central VND million	South VND million	Total segment reported VND million	Eliminations VND million	Total VND million
ASSETS Cash and gold	148,981	294,200	814,590	1,257,771	1	1.257.771
Balances with the SBV	237	2,244	11,232,185	11,234,666	ı	11,234,666
Due from and loans to other credit institutions	80	629	31,262,079	31,262,798	1	31,262,798
Derivatives and other financial assets	63	ı	63,602	63,665	•	63,665
Loans to customers	2,740,884	10,679,550	141,255,751	154,676,185	ı	154,676,185
Investment securities	1	ı	23,674,961	23,674,961	ı	23,674,961
Long-term investments	•	ı	726,115	726,115	1	726,115
Fixed assets	46,256	153,414	1,341,062	1,540,732	1	1,540,732
Other assets	177,731	246,879	4,520,614	4,945,224	1	4,945,224
TOTAL ASSETS	3,114,232	11,376,926	214,890,959	229,382,117		229,382,117
LIABILITIES Borrowings from the Government and the SBV Due to and borrowings from other credit	•	1	2,977,253	2,977,253	ı	2,977,253
institutions	25	4,581	31,578,318	31,582,924	•	31,582,924
Due to customers	39,135,350	25,721,952	88,832,702	153,690,004	1	153,690,004
Grants, entrusted funds, and loans exposed to risk:	ن	1	1,070,097	1,070,097	ı	1,070,097
Valuable papers issued	2,128,155	2,755,480	14,700,005	19,583,640	ı	19,583,640
Other liabilities	738,378	393,441	2,436,509	3,568,328	1	3,568,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES	42,001,908	28,875,454	141,594,884	212,472,246		212,472,246

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk is inherent in the activities of the Bank and is managed through an ongoing process of identification, measurement, and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This risk management process is critical to the continuing profitability of the Bank, and each individual within the Bank is accountable for risk prevention within their respective responsibilities. The Bank is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk, and market risk (which further subdivided into trading and non-trading risks). The Bank is also subject to various operational risks.

The independent risk control process does not include business risks such as changes in the environment, technology and industry. The Bank's policy is to monitor those business risks through its strategic planning process.

(i) Risk management structure

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for identifying and controlling risks. However, each individual member is responsible for managing and monitoring risks.

(ii) Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is responsible for monitoring the overall risk management process within the Bank.

(iii) Risk Management Committee

The Risk Management Committee advises the Board of Directors in the promulgation of procedures and policies under its jurisdiction relating to risk management in the Bank's activities.

The Risk Management Committee analyses and provides warnings on potential risks that may affect the Bank's operation, along with preventive measures in the short term as well as long term.

The Risk Management Committee reviews and evaluates the appropriateness and effectiveness of the risk management of procedures and policies of the Bank, making recommendations to the Board of Directors for the improvement of procedures, policies and operational strategies.

(iv) Board of Supervision

The Board of Supervision has the responsibility to control the overall risk management process within the Bank.

(v) Internal Audit

According to the annual internal audit plan, business processes throughout the Bank are audited annually by the internal audit function. This function examines both the adequacy of the procedures and compliance with the Bank's procedures. Internal Audit discusses the results of all assessments with the Board of Directors and reports its findings and recommendations to the Board of Supervision.

(vi) Risk measurement and reporting systems

The Bank's risks using a method that considers both the expected loss likely to arise in normal circumstances and unexpected losses, which are estimated based on statistical models and represent the ultimate actual loss.

Monitoring and controlling of risks are primarily performed based on limits established by the Bank in compliance with the regulations of the State Bank of Vietnam. These limits reflect the business strategy, market environment, and the level of risk tolerance of the Bank.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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39. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGMENT (continued)

(vi) Risk measurement and reporting systems (continued)

Information compiled from all business activities is examined and processed to analyze, control and identify risks at an early age. This information is presented and explained to the Board of Management, Board of Directors, and department heads. The report includes aggregate credit exposure, credit metric forecasts, limit exceptions, liquidity ratios, and changes in risk profile. The Board of Directors assesses the appropriateness of the allowance for credit losses on a quarterly basis. Additionally, the Board of Directors receives a comprehensive risk report quarterly which is designed to provide all necessary information for assessing and conclude on the risks of the Bank.

Tailored risk reports are prepared and distributed to all levels throughout the Bank, ensuring that all business departments have access to extensive, necessary, and up-to-date information.

(vii) Risk reduction

The Bank has actively used collateral to mitigate credit risk.

(viii) Excessive risk concentration

Concentrations arise when a number of counterparties of the Bank is engaged in similar business activities, or activities in the same geographic region, or have similar economic features that would affect the group of customers' payment obligations or payment receipt rights when due under changes in economic, political or other conditions.

These above concentrations indicate the relative sensitivity of the Bank's performance to the developments of a particular industry or geographic allocation.

To avoid excessive concentrations of risk, the Bank's policies and procedures include specific guidelines to focus on maintaining a diversified portfolio. Identified concentrations of credit risk are controlled and managed accordingly. Selective hedging is used within the Bank in respect of the industries and other related factors.

40. CREDIT RISK

Credit risk is the risk that the Bank may experience losses due to customers or counterparties failing to fulfill their contractual obligations.

The Bank manages and controls credit risk by setting limits on the acceptable level of risk for individual counterparties, geographical areas, and industry concentrations. They also monitor exposures in relation to such limits.

The Bank has established a credit quality review process to provide early identification of potential changes in the financial position and creditworthiness of counterparties using both qualitative and quantitative indicators. Counterparty limits are determined through the use of a credit rating system, which assigns a risk rating to each counterparty. These risk ratings are subject to regular revisions.



NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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40. CREDIT RISK (continued)

40.1 Maximum exposure to credit risk before collateral held or other credit enhancements

The maximum exposures to credit risk, which are equivalent to the book values of each group of financial assets on the interim separate financial statement, are listed below:

30 June 2024 31 i	December 2023
VND million	VND million
31,262,798	22,591,302
63,665	39,455
26,106,252	28,125,006
130,465,017	113,313,435
10,255,826	9,882,574
800,000	999,201
3,658,125	2,948,458
8,187,679	9,884,653
1,243,746	6,116,593
	31,262,798 63,665 26,106,252 130,465,017 10,255,826 800,000 3,658,125

This table presents the worst case in which the Bank will incur the maximum credit exposures as at 30 June 2024 and 31 December 2023, without considering any collateral held or their credit enhancements.

40.2 Financial assets neither past due nor impaired

The Bank's financial assets which are neither past due nor impaired consist of loans to customers classified as Group 1 (Current) loans in accordance with Circular 11; as well as securities, receivables and other financial assets that are not past due and do not require any provision according to Circular 48/2019/TT-BTC amended by Circular 24/2022/TT-BTC.

The Bank determines that it has an absolute capacity to fully and timely recover these financial assets in the future.

40.3 Financial assets past due but not impaired

The age of financial assets past due but not impaired as at 30 June 2024 is presented below:

			Past due		
	Less than 90 days VND million	From 91 to 180 days VND million	From 181 to 360 days VND million	More than 360 days VND million	Total VND million
Loans to customers	708,983	85,844	142,116	489,872	1,426,815

Loans that are overdue but not impaired are considered overdue loans, but provisions are not required, as the Bank holds all collaterals in the form of counterparty deposits, real estate, movable assets, valuable papers, and other types of collaterals.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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41. MARKET RISK

41.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect the fair values of financial instruments. The Bank is exposed to interest rate risk due to mismatches in maturity dates or dates of interest rate repricing for assets, liabilities, and off-statement financial instruments over a certain period. To manage this risk, the Bank employs risk management strategies to match the dates of interest rate repricing of assets and liabilities.

Analysis of assets and liabilities based on interest rate re-pricing date

The repricing term of the effective interest rate refers to the remaining period from the date of the interim separate financial statements to the nearest interest rate repricing date or remaining contractual term, whichever is earlier.

The following assumptions and conditions are used in analysis of the re-pricing period of interest rates for the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Cash and gold; balances with the SBV; investment securities equity securities; derivatives financial instruments; long-term investments; other assets (including fixed assets, and other assets); and other liabilities are classified as non-interest bearing items;
- The repricing term of investment securities debt securities; loans to customers; due from and loans to other credit institutions; grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks; borrowings from the Government and the SBV; valuable papers issued; due to and borrowings from other credit institutions and due to customers are determined as follows:
 - Items which bear fixed interest rate during the contractual term: The re-pricing term
 is determined based on the time to maturity from the interim separate statement of
 financial position date.
 - Items which bear floating interest rate: The re-pricing term is determined based on the time to the nearest interest rate re-pricing date from the interim separate statement of financial position date.

The following table presents the interest re-pricing period of the Bank's assets and liabilities as at 30 June 2024:

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

41. MARKET RISKS (continued)

41.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

	Overdue VND million	Assets Cash and gold Balances with the SBV	Due from with and loans to other credit institutions Derivatives and other financial assets - 1 cans to customers - gross	ss SSO	Fixed assets Other assets - gross	Total assets 8,207,193	Liabilities Borrowings from the Government and the SBV	Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions	Due to customers Grants. entrusted funds. and loans	exposed to risks	Valuable papers issued Other liabilities	Total liabilities	On-separate statement of financial 8,207,193 position interest sensitivity gap
	Non-interest bearing VND million	1,257,771	289,885	- 144,141 - 726,115	- 1,540,732 - 4,977,973	3 20,234,948	1	1	1		3,568,328	3,568,328	3 16,666,620
	Up to 1 month VND million		- 20.178.514	22,158	1 1	47,674,485	2,977,253	29,024,000	39,653,587	1,197	1,270,740	72,932,777	(25,258,292)
Interest re-pricing period	1 - 3 months VND million		23.699.850	8,421,064	1 1	34,720,014	ı	1,988,430	34,661,464	- 000 000 0	-,203,720	38,913,614	(4,193,600)
cing period	3 - 6 months VND million	1 1 00	- - - 49.731,360	6,773,602	1 1	57,404,962	· 1	150,569	34,747,492	738,050	0,900,450	42,536,541	14,868,421
	6 - 12 months VND million	1 1	36,477,705	8,332,841	1 1	44,810,546	1	63,625	34,798,993	330,850	9, 142,730	44,336,218	474,328
	1 - 5 years VND million	1 1	- - 17.805,518	1 1	1 1	17,805,518	1	356,300	9,828,468	•	1 1	10,184,768	7,620,750
	Over 5 years VND million	1 1	- - 471,129	1 1		471,129	1	1	i	1		•	471,129
	Total VND million	1,257,771 11,234,666	31,262,798 63,665 156,571,269	23,693,806 726,115	1,540,732 4,977,973	231,328,795	2,977,253	31,582,924	153,690,004	1,070,097	3,568,328	212,472,246	18,856,549

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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41. MARKET RISKS (continued)

41.1 Interest rate risk (continued)

Interest rate sensitivity

The Bank conducted an analysis of the sensitivity of net interest income to changes in market interest rates for VND and USD as of 30 June 2024, as follows:

	Assumed level of change %	Effects on profit after tax VND million
As at 30 June 2024 VND VND USD USD	0.02% (0.02%) 0.02% (0.02%)	(3.136) 3.136 (0.524) 0.524

41.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk of fluctuations in the value of financial instruments due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Bank is incorporated and operates in Vietnam, with the VND as its reporting currency. The primary currency used for its transaction is also VND. Financial assets and liabilities of the Bank are denominated in VND, with some also denominated in USD, EUR, and gold. To control currency positions, the Bank has established limits. These positions are monitored on a daily basis, and hedging strategies are employed to ensure that the positions of the currencies remain within the established limits.

The exchange rates between key foreign currencies and VND at the reporting date are presented at *Note 45*.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

41. MARKET RISKS (continued)

41.2 Currency risk (continued)

The following table presents assets and liabilities in foreign currencies converted into VND as at 30 June 2024:

Total VND million	145,009 62,485	962,731 1,206,309	60,956	2,437,490	3,695,088	905,751 5.532	1,068,900	52,346	5,727,617	(3,290,127)	50,922	(3,239,205)
Other currencies equivalent	4,650	64,547	1	69,197	1	2,565 5,532	1	9,382	17,479	51,718	2,551	54,269
Gold equivalent VND million	821	1 1		821		1 1	•		1	821	1	821
USD equivalent VND million	134,523 62,485	880,303 1,206,309	926'09	2,344,576	3,695,088	896,323	1,068,900	42,838	5,703,149	(3,358,573)	48,371	(3,310,202)
EUR equivalent VND million	5,015	17,881	1	22,896	ı	6,863	1	126	6,989	15,907	1	15,907
	d I the SBV	Due from and loans to other credit institutions Loans to customers - gross	gross		Liabilities Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions	Due to customers Derivatives and other financial liabilities	Grants, entrusted funds, and loans exposed to risks	Si	Se	Foreign exchange position on-separate statement of financial position	Foreign exchange positions off-separate statement of financial position	Foreign exchange position in and off-separate statement of financial position
	Assets Cash and gold Balances with the SBV	Due from and loans to other Loans to customers - gross	Other assets – gross	Total assets	Liabilities Due to and bor	Due to customers Derivatives and of	Grants, entrus	Other liabilities	Total liabilities	Foreign exchange financial position	Foreign exchange pof financial position	Foreign exch statement of

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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41. MARKET RISK (continued)

41.2 Currency risk (continued)

Exchange rate sensitivity

Assuming that all variables remain constant, the following table shows the effects on profit after tax and equity of the Bank due to changes in exchange rates. The risk due to changes of exchange rates for other currencies of the Bank is not significant.

	Assumed level of change %	Effects on profit after tax VND million
As at 30 June 2024 EUR EUR USD USD SJC SJC	1% (1%) 1% (1%) 1% (1%)	(26,869) 26,869 127 (127) 7 (7)

41.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk which the Bank faces difficulties in meeting its financial liabilities. Liquidity risk arises when the Bank is unable to settle debt obligations on their due dates under normal or stress conditions. To manage exposure to liquidity risk, the Bank diversifies the mobilization of deposits from various sources in addition to its basic capital resources. In addition, the Bank has established policies to control liquidity assets flexibly; monitor the future cash flows and daily liquidity. The Bank has also evaluated the estimated cash flows and the availability of current collateral assets in case of obtaining more deposits.

The maturity term of assets and liabilities is the remaining period of assets and liabilities calculated from the interim separate statement of financial position date to the settlement date in accordance with contractual terms and conditions.

The following assumptions and conditions are applied in the analysis of the maturity of the Bank's assets and liabilities:

- Balances with the SBV are classified as demand deposits, considered within one (1) month, including compulsory deposits;
- The maturity term of investment securities debt securities is calculated based on the maturity date of each type of securities; investment securities listed equity securities are considered within one (1) month because of their high liquidity;
- The maturity of borrowings from the Government and the SBV; grants, entrusted funds and loans exposed to risks; valuable papers issued; due from and loans to other credit institutions; loans to customers is determined based on the maturity date stipulated in contracts. The actual maturity term may be altered if loan contracts are extended;
- ▶ The maturity term of long-term investments is considered to be more than five (5) years because these investments do not have specific maturity dates;
- The maturity term of due to and borrowings from other credit institutions; derivatives and other financial liabilities; and due to customers is determined based on the features of these items or the maturity date as stipulated in contracts. Vostro accounts and demand deposits are transacted as required by customers and are classified as current accounts. The maturity term of borrowings and term deposits is determined based on the maturity date in contracts. In practice, these amounts may be rolled over, and therefore, may extend beyond the original maturity date;
- ▶ The maturity term of fixed assets is determined based on the remaining useful life of the asset.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

MARKET RISK (continued) 41.

Liquidity risk (continued) 41.3

The following table presents the maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank as at 30 June 2024:

	Overdue	lue			Current			
	Above 3 months	Up to 3 months VND million	Up to 1 month VND million	1 - 3 months VND million	3 - 12 months VND million	1 - 5 years VND million	Above 5 years VND million	Total VND million
Assets Cash and gold Balances with the SBV	1 1	1 1	1,257,771	1 1	1 1	1 1		1,257,771 11,234,666
Due from and loans to other credit institutions	•	1	27,473,813	2,651,179	1,059,241	78,565	ı	31,262,798
Derivatives and other linancial assets Loans to customers - gross Investment securities - gross	4,016,213	- 4,190,980 -	15,720 2,849,260 144,141	50,816 13,880,261 4,505,827	- 71,369,534 3,550,187	- 22,493,580 3,341,645	37,771,441	66,536 156,571,269 23,693,806
Long-term investments - gross Fixed assets Other assets - gross		, , ,	356,390 2,007,138	974 789,611	7,268	272,353 523,692	903,747 165,570	1,540,732 4,977,973
Total assets	4,016,213	4,190,980	45,338,899	21,878,668	77,478,192	26,709,835	51,718,879	231,331,666
Liabilities Borrowings from the Government and the SBV		1	2,977,003	1	250	ı	ı	2,977,253
Due to and borrowings from other credit institutions Due to customers	1	į į	29,001,305 39,653,587	1,980,289 34,661,464	192,897 69,546,485	408,433 9,828,468	1 1	31,582,924 153,690,004
Derivatives and other financial iabilities	•	1	1	ì	2,871	1	ı	2,871
Grants, entrusted funds, and loans exposed to risks	1	ı	1	12	254,550	815,535	1 00	1,070,097
Valuable papers issued Other liabilities			1,320,655	691,211	3,500,000	185,150	090,801,7	3,568,328
Total liabilities		•	72,952,550	38,832,976	74,868,305	18,682,136	7,139,150	212,475,117
Net liquidity gap	4,016,213	4,190,980	(27,613,651)	(16,954,308)	2,609,887	8,027,699	44,579,729	18,856,549
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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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41. MARKET RISK (continued)

41.4 Market price risk

Except for the assets and liabilities presented above, the Bank has no other market price risks that have risk level accounting for 5% or more of net profit or the value of assets and liabilities accounting for 5% or more of total assets.

42. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

	30 June 2024 VND million	31 December 2023 VND million
Operating lease commitments	1,433,408	1,373,256
In which:Due within one yearDue from one to five yearsDue after five years	249,916 851,350 332,142	229,089 842,805 301,362

43. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES

On 6 November 2009, the Ministry of Finance issued Circular 210/2009/TT-BTC, which provides guidance for the adoption of the International Financial Reporting Standards on the presentation and disclosures of financial instruments in Vietnam (referred to as "Circular 210"). This circular is effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

Circular 210 specifically addresses the presentation and disclosures of financial instruments. Therefore, the concepts of financial assets, financial liabilities, and related concepts are applied solely for supplemental presentation as requirements of Circular 210. The assets, liabilities, and equity of the Bank have been recognized and measured in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim separate financial statements.

Financial assets

Financial assets of the Bank within the scope of Circular 210 comprise cash and gold; balances with the SBV; due from and loans to other credit institutions; loans to customers; investment securities; receivables and other financial assets.

According to Circular 210, financial assets are appropriately classified, for the purpose of disclosure in the interim separate financial statements, into one of the following categories:

- A financial asset at fair value through the interim separate income statement Is a financial asset that meets either of the following conditions:
 - a) It is classified as held-for-trading. A financial asset is classified as held-for-trading if:
 - ✓ It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
 - ✓ There is evidence of recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
 - ✓ Derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).
 - b) It is designated by the Bank as at fair value through the interim separate income statement upon initial recognition.



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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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43. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES (continued)

Financial assets (continued)

▶ Held-to-maturity investments:

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Bank intends and can hold to maturity, except for:

- a) Financial assets that, at the time of initial recognition, have been classified as a recognized group at their fair value through the interim separate statement of income;
- b) Financial assets classified as available-for-sale;
- c) Financial assets that satisfy the definitions of loans and receivables

► Loans and receivables:

Are non-derivatives financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market, except for:

- a) Those that the Bank intends to sell immediately or in the near term, which shall be classified as held for trading, and those that the Bank, upon initial recognition, designates as at fair value through the interim separate income statement;
- b) Those that the Bank designates as available for sale upon initial recognition; or
- c) Those for which the holder may not recover substantially all its initial investment, other than because of credit deterioration, which shall be classified as available for sale.

Available for sale assets:

Are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified as:

- a) Loans and receivables;
- b) Held-to-maturity investments;
- c) Financial assets at fair value through the interim separate income statement.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities of the Bank under the Circular 210 consist of borrowings from the Government and the SBV; due to and borrowings from other credit institutions; due to customers; grants, entrusted funds, loans exposed to risks; valuable papers issued; payables and other financial liabilities.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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43. SUPPLEMENTAL NOTES TO FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABLITIES (continued)

Financial liabilities (continued)

According to Circular 210, financial liabilities are appropriately classified into the following categories for the purpose of disclosure in the interim separate financial statements:

- Financial liabilities at fair value through interim separate income statement Is a financial liability that meets either of the following conditions:
 - a) It is classified as held for trading. A financial liability is deemed held for trading if:
 - ✓ It is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
 - ✓ There is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
 - ✓ Derivatives (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or designated and effective hedging instrument).
 - b) Upon initial recognition, it is designated by the Bank as at fair value through the interim separate income statement.
- ▶ Financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial liabilities that are not categorized as at fair value through the interim separate income statement will be classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Offsetting financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and reported at the net amount in the interim separate statement of financial position if, and only if, the Bank has an enforceable legal right to offset financial assets against financial liabilities, and the Bank has the intention to settle on a net basis, or the realization of the assets and settlement of liabilities is made simultaneously.

Determine the fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of cash and short-term deposits approximates their carrying value due to the short-term maturity of these items.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

SUPPLEMENTARY NOTE ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (continued) 43.

The carrying amount and fair value of the Bank's financial assets and liabilities are presented as at 30 June 2024 as bellows:

		Fair value VND million		1,257,771	11,234,666		*	*	*)	*	*)	*			*		*)	*	;	*)	*	*)		
		Total VND million		1,257,771	11,234,666		31,262,798	63,665	154,676,185	23,674,961	226,115	3,658,125	226,054,286		2.977.253		31,582,924	153,690,004		1,070,097	19,583,640	3,036,913	211,940,831	
	Other assets and liabilities at	amortized cost VND million		1	1		ı	•	•	1	1	1	1		2 977 253		31,582,924	153,690,004	1	1,070,097	19,583,640	3,036,913	211,940,831	
Carrying amount	Available-	for-sale VND million		•	ı		•		•	13,109,303	226,115	1	13,335,418		•		1	•			ı	1	1	
Carrying	Loan and	receivable VND million		1,257,771	11,234,666		31,262,798	1	154,676,185	1	1	3,658,125	202,089,545		1		ı	•		•	•	•	1	
	Held to	maturity VND million		1	1		•	•	•	10,565,658	•	1	10,565,658		1		ı	1		1	•	1	ı	
		Trading VND million		•	•		1	63,665	•	1	1	1	63,665		ı		•	1		1	•	1		
			ts		the SBV	Due from and loans to other credit		Derivatives and other financial assets	ners	urities	stments	assets		lities	Borrowings from the Government and the SRV	Due to and borrowings from other credit)	ers	ted funds and	to risks	rs issued	liabilities		
			Financial assets	Cash and gold	Balances with the SBV	Due from and k	institutions	Derivatives and	Loans to customers	Investment securities	Long-term investments	Other financial assets		Financial liabilities	Borrowings fror	Due to and bor	institutions	Due to customers	Grants, entrusted funds and	loans exposed to risks	Valuable papers issued	Other financial liabilities		

^(*) As Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System for Credit Institutions, and related regulations of the State Bank of Vietnam have no specific guidance on the fair value determination, the fair value of these items cannot be determined.



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NOTES TO THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2024 and for the six-month period then ended

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EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DATE 44.

As at 26 July 2024, the Bank has successfully issued an additional 264,508,938 individual shares to increase its capital from the owner's equity source, in accordance with the Resolution of the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders in 2024. As a result, the Bank has recorded an increase in charter capital by an additional VND2,645,089,380,000, bringing the initial VND10,580,416,150,000 to the new level of VND13,225,505,530,000.

There is no matter or circumstance that has arisen since 30 June 2024 that requires adjustment or disclosure in the interim separate financial statements of the Bank.

EXCHANGE RATES OF APPLICABLE FOREIGN CURRENCIES AGAINST VIETNAM 45. DONG AT THE END OF THE PERIOD

	30 June 2024 VND	31 December 2023 VND
USD	25,450.00	24,200.00
EUR	27,325.50	26,780.00
GBP	32,213.50	30,890.00
CAD	18,605.50	18,315.50
SGD	18,826.00	18,387.50
AUD	17,004.50	16,526.00
CHF	28,314.50	28,827.00
JPY	158.39	172.01
HKD	3,250.00	3,110.00
KRW	18.43	18.74
Gold SJC (ounce)	7,598,000	7,100,000

Mr. Le Dinh Tu Head of

Accounting Department

Ms. Nguyen Thi My Lan Director of Finance Division cum Chief Accountant

Mr. Tran Khai Hoan Acting Chief Executive Officer

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

5 August 2024